THE STRATHMORE AND BOW VALLEY STANDARD

VOL. II., NO. 14. STRATHMORE, ALBERTA, JANUARY 7, 1911. Subscription per Year $1.00.

J. W. WADDY
FOR
FARM LANDS
LOTS . . .
INSURANCE .
IMPLEMENTS
COAL, ETC. .

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This is the best $1 investment in Strathmore today

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HIGH-CLASS CLOCKS

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WE STILL HAVE A FEW

HEATERS

To help move them out we will give $2 worth of Goods with each one Sold

January, February and March are three months as cold as any we get, so why not buy a Heater and be comfortable for the cold weather.

We have Heaters from

$14.50 to $22.00

STRATHMORE TRADING CO.

HARDWARE DEPARTMENT

MONDAY, JANY. 9

STRATHMORE HALL

THE

Lyceum Players

WALTER McRAYE, Elocutionist

GLADYS NOXON, Pianist | VIOLET HUNT, Soprano

SIGNOR ROMANILLI, Harpist

ALSO PRESENTING

THREE TABLOID PLAYS

Popular Prices 75c and 50c

DANCING AFTER THE PERFORMANCE

SIGNOR ROMANILLI has consented to Play

Admission - - - 25c extra

If you are from Missouri we can show that we deliver the Goods

CHRISTMAS CANDIES AND ORANGES

ALL KINDS OF NUTS

CADBURY'S FANCY CHOCOLATES

(We are sure the Goods). ALL KINDS OF

FRUIT, ORANGES, LEMONS, HONEY MELONS, APPLES, CRANBERRIES, JAPANESE ORANGES (by the Box)

Daylight Store

DOWNIE & SALMON

STRATHMORE

LOCAL JOTTINGS.

Don't forget the Lyceum Players Concert on Monday evening

Prizes given in Bowling Alley to-night tf

Mr W. G. Knyvett left on Wednesday on a two months trip to England

Messrs Roland Hill and A. C. Redford moved into their handsome new pool hall and barber shop, opposite the King Edward, this week. Mr Hill will manage the pool room, and Red will do the tonsorial part of the business

We have experienced various kinds of weather since last Saturday. On Sunday the temperature dropped to 30 below zero, and on Tuesday it was above freezing point

Miss Dickson, niece of Rev. T. A. Wilson, and who has been residing here for several months past left last Friday for her home at Sackville, New Brunswick. It is expected that she will be back in Strathmore before long as a permanent resident

Mr M. S. Hirtle, building contractor, has commenced building a handsome residence for himself on Third Street

Strathmore Camp of the Modern Woodmen of America intend to hold a Masquerade Ball in Strathmore about the beginning of February

The plots at the new cemetery have now been staked out

Mrs Van Tighem will be at home to her friends on Thursday, 12th inst, from 3 to 6 p.m.

One of our local real estate men intends to purchase an automobile in the near future

A striking proof of the growth of Strathmore during the past twelvemonth is furnished by the figures from the C.P.R. depot. Ticket sales for month of December 1910 at Strathmore Station amounted to $3124.25, being an increase of $1466.45 over corresponding month 1909. Total earnings for the twelve months ending December 31, 1910 at this station were $210,931.36

Prizes given in Bowling Alley to-night

An enjoyable dance was held at Namaka on Wednesday night. Among those present, in addition to the local people, were R. B. Newington, J. and T. Hambly, R. McGuinness, and A. Beckwith, of the C.P.R. engineering party now locating through there

A Valentine Social will be held by the Ladies' Aid of the Methodist Church on St Valentine's Day

Breathes there a man with soul so dead,
Who never to himself hath said,
This day I'll pay the printer?
Yes, such there be, we know full well,
And when they die they'll go to——
Well, the place where there's no winter.

The first meeting of the Alpha Literary Club for 1911 was held at the Fire Hall on Thursday, the subject for debate being, "Resolved that the Daily Newspaper does more harm than good," the affirmative being taken by W. J. Zerkle, and the negative by John Mackenzie. Among others who spoke were Messrs Casson, McWilliams, Spicer, Bond, Dr Wilson, etc. Many arguments pro and con were adduced, and an instructive an enjoyable evening was spent

Big Agricultural School

Lasts Whole Week

Pursuing its usual policy of aiding the settlers along its line, the C.P.R. is going to very considerable expense to hold an Agricultural School at Strathmore during the coming February. Professor W. J. Elliott, Superintendent of Agriculture of the C.P.R., has been quietly working for some time to organize one of the biggest Agricultural Schools that has ever been attempted in this district. This school will likely last an entire week and will be held some time in the beginning of February. Definite dates will be given later. It is purposed to conduct a regular school for old and young, for both men and women, for boys and girls.

Mr Elliott has just had a conference with Hon. Duncan Marshall, with a view to securing the co-operation of the Provincial agricultural forces for this week. Mr Marshall expressed himself as very glad indeed to co-operate in this manner, so that something big will be the result.

The work will consist of practical demonstrations in horse, cattle, sheep and hog judging, practical grain judging, weed seed identification, practical talks on irrigation alfalfa roots, soil handling, and many other phases of agriculture.

The best men that can be obtained in the country will be secured for this work. Professor Atkinson, of Montana, has been engaged to talk on irrigation and alfalfa. Three palace cars of the best horses cattle, and sheep in the Province will come for the stock judging. An immense tent will be erected for some of the work, while as much as possible will be held in one of the new greenhouses on the Demonstration Farm. The Demonstration Farm will give a free lunch each noon for those who attend, and free horse feed will also be provided

Special arrangements will be made so that all those from Shepard, Langdon, Cheadle, Namaka, Gleichen, and Bassano, will be able to arrive in time for the work each morning

Now this work will mean immense things for this Irrigation District, and it will be necessary for every farmer and business man in Strathmore to boost the project. Whether we have such schools again will depend very materially on how we boost for this one

On the last day of the week a contest will be held to determine the best four young men judges of stock and grain, and it is hoped that the winners will be sent to Innisfail to compete with four other teams from other parts of the Province for a grand $200 trophy presented by the Province. Entries for these contests are free. Now, young men of the district, here is your chance

We confidently expect that 300 people will be in Strathmore for this school. Watch for further particulars each week

Mr Harvey McDill and Mr Patton, his uncle, arrived at Strathmore on Wednesday to take charge of Mr J. B. McDill's farm 20 miles north-east of town

Messrs R. A. Wallace, F. Crandall, and Bowlus, of High River, were in town yesterday. The two former gentlemen are here looking up the sugar beet proposition, with a view to getting a factory started around High River, being representatives of the Board of Trade of that town

Read the ads. in this paper before you make your Strathmore purchases. It will pay you

The first regular meeting of the re-organised Strathmore Board of Trade will be held in the Fire Hall on Tuesday at 8 p.m. All business men are requested to attend

Are You Going on the Waggon?

No, dear Reader, this is not an advt. for 1000 mile axle grease

But it is an Advertisement for our

BREAD, CAKES AND CONFECTIONERY

CIGARS, TOBACCOS, CIGARETTES AND PIPES

FRUITS AND NUTS

TO SAY NOTHING OF OUR ENDLESS VARIETY OF

SOFT DRINKS

Commence the New Year Right

BY VISITING

MARTIN and EVANS' MODEL BAKERY

(NEXT UNION BANK)

KING EDWARD LIVERY STABLES

AND BLACKSMITH SHOP

IF YOU NEED YOUR
HORSE SHOD
OR YOUR
RIG REPAIRED
Or anything that a Good Blacksmith can do, call . . . at my . . .
BLACKSMITH SHOP
Next door east of King Edward Livery

LIVERY FEED
AND
SALE STABLES
GOOD HORSES, RIGS . . AND DRIVERS . .
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO LANDSEEKERS

GEORGE H. LLOYD

STOP

Before you spend any money for Lumber or any building material. Call and see us.

We know that by your looking at our Prices and Stock you will know where it's to your advantage to buy.

When we opened our Yard here we determined to handle only Reliable Goods, give Right Prices and give Courteous Treatment to all our Customers or bust.

Well, we haven't bust yet. On the contrary, our increasing trade proves that we use everyone right in regard to **Prices, Goods** and **Treatment.**

Enquire here before buying; then, of course, buy where you please.

Riverside Lumber Co., Ltd.

W. S. GLADWIN, LOCAL MANAGER.

THE PASTIME AMUSEMENT PARLOR

IS THE PLACE TO SPEND YOUR EVENINGS

Keep Baby's Skin Clear

Mothers, do you realize the importance of caring for baby's tender, easily irritated skin? Neglect or unsuitable methods may give rise to simple rashes or tiny sores. Torturing, disfiguring humors follow and threaten to become permanent. Not only is Cuticura Soap the purest and sweetest for baby's bath but, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, it affords the speediest and most economical method of clearing baby's skin and scalp of eczemas, rashes, itchings and irritations, and of establishing a permanent condition of skin and hair health.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists everywhere. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, Mass. Send for new Cuticura Book on the care of skin and scalp.

TANNING AND FUR DRESSING RECIPES

By An Old Hand.

How to tan or dress all light fur skins, such as mink, muskrat, weasel, fox, fisher, lynx cat, &c.; how to tan dog skins, sheep skins, wolf skins, badger, &c., for mats, rugs, robes, gauntlets, &c.; how to dye sheep skin mats any desired shade; how to remove the grease from furs or fur skins without wetting the skin, making the fur as clean and lively as new; how to clean white fur, such as thibet, angora, white rabbit, &c., making them as white and fresh as new; how to tan cow and horse hides for coats, robes, &c.; how to make easily and quickly a good tough leather for repairing harness and general use on the farm; how to care for hides and skins that are to be sold, and how to sell them to get the most money for them.

Any of the above recipes will be sent to any address on receipt of 50 cents, or the booklet complete for $2.00. Address

AN OLD HAND,
Box 363, Winnipeg, Man.

ABSORBINE

Will reduce Inflamed, strained, swollen Tendons; Ligaments; Muscles or Bruises, cure other Lameness and stop pain from a Splint, Side Bone or Thoro-pin; Gets no blister, no hair gone. Horse can be used. $2.00 per bottle, delivered. Book 4 Horses I Know Sent Free.

ABSORBINE, Jr., for mankind, $1. Reduces Strained Torn Ligaments, Enlarged glands, veins or muscles—heals sores—stops pain. Book Free.

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In Canada, Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, Canadian Agents.
For sale by MORLEY BROS. & WYKES CO., Winnipeg
and by druggists everywhere. Manufactured by W. F. and
JOHN BARRY Limited, 1868, 1894, 1911, Toronto, Ont.

Brain in the Stomach

The solar plexus is the emotional brain, says Professor Francois Guyot. An emotion that attacks us is felt there first. Thus, if we feel anxiety it may give us, if severe, a positive stomach ache.—Detroit News.

It takes a Woodward avenue gentleman to discriminate. Yesterday we saw one let five women stand in a car while he kept his seat until a pretty young thing got on, when he gallantly rose and tendered her to his place.—Detroit Free Press.

Youth (who is under the impression that he has impressed the waitress, who is looking absent-mindedly at him)—A penny for your thoughts, Gertie.

Waitress—I was just wondering if you were a steak pudding or a boiled rabbit.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

KILL KIDNEY DISEASE

CURES RHEUMATISM BACKACHE DROPSY DIABETES BRIGHT'S DISEASE

NUMBER 23 THE PROPRIETORS

FAMOUS COURTS-MARTIAL.

Incidents That Have Roused Ire of Britons.

The public interest that was aroused by the recent court-martial on Lieut Sutor, considerable though it was, was as nothing to be compared with the fever of excitement into which the country was thrown some time back by a court-martial on two young officers of the 46th Regiment, named Perry and Greer, says Pearson's Weekly.

These young men were unmercifully "ragged" by the other officers, and, because they failed to attempt to defend themselves with their fists in the good old English fashion, they were court-martialled, and their army careers ruined.

Or, at least they would have been ruined, but for the public outcry that ensued. The press took up their case, and not a newspaper in the country but what was upon their side. Even The Times broke with all its traditions, and bitterly denounced the military authorities, warning them in a most remarkable and outspoken leading article that the temper of the people was such that murder would probably be done unless Messrs. Perry and Greer were reinstated.

Meanwhile no officer of the 46th dared show himself in mufti in the streets of Windsor, where the regiment was stationed, and even officers of other corps, who had nothing directly to do with the affair, became the objects of gibes and jeers of the populace. Eventually, however, the sentences were reversed, and quiet thereby restored.

Another sensational court-martial was that in which a certain Captain Robinson was the principal figure. This also was a "ragging" case, but unlike Messrs. Perry and Greer, Mr. Robinson made no attempt to defend himself while he was being "ragged" so, as it was determined to hound him from the service, he was tried on a charge of "submitting to ungentlemanly conduct by his brother officers."

To the ordinary civilian mind it seems as if the officers who had been guilty of the ungentlemanly conduct were the blameworthy parties rather than the one who under compulsion submitted to it, but this was not the light that the army authorities regarded the matter in. After a trial lasting thirty days they found the prisoner guilty, and the usual sentence of dismissal was pronounced; but again the public rose in its wrath, and once more the sentence was annulled.

A quite different type of court-martial, but one that aroused fully as much general interest, was that which sat at Chatham for the trial of Colonel Templar, chief inspector of the Army Remount Department, which, in the charge of having sold secret information to a foreign Government. Without going into the most unconventional description, but it pointed conclusively to others as being the real guilty parties, and Colonel Templar, after having been honorably acquitted, was publicly handed back his sword amid scenes of frantic enthusiasm.

Black memories cluster round the court-martial that was assembled at Kingstown, Jamaica, by Governor Wall, for the trial of Sergeant Armstrong. The prisoner was charged with mutiny, but his real offence seems to have been that he had incurred the enmity of Wall, a harsh martinet.

The sentence was eight hundred lashes, and the flogging was inflicted with such merciless severity, Wall himself standing by and urging the floggers to do their utmost, that the unhappy man died soon afterwards. Wall fled, and hid himself for twenty years, but he was brought to trial in the end, and being found guilty of murder was hanged in London in the presence of some forty thousand people, who shrieked imprecations upon him.

Request That Won Reprieve.

The release of Edward O'Brien from Portland, just announced, recalls a remarkable point put forward in his defence when he was tried at Liverpool in November, 1895, for the murder of Sarah Jenkinson, a domestic servant. Evidence was given that he had three marks of depression of the skull and that people in that state were more easily influenced by alcohol than others. The jury without leaving the box found him guilty and Justice Collins passed sentence of death. Then the prisoner astonished the court by the following request:

"My lord, after I am hanged and done for will you allow my head to be sent to the infirmary to be examined as to the wounds on it?"

The judge remained silent. A reprieve soon followed.—London Evening Standard.

Oldham's Lady Mayor.

"Through no effort on my part wealth came to me, and I have considered it my bounden duty, as well as a pleasure, to expend some of it for the good of the town." Thus Mrs. C. E. Lees, who has been elected by the Oldham Town Council to take the mayoral chair for the coronation year for that town, explained her many benefactions recently. The widow of a wealthy Oldham manufacturer, she has acquired the distinction of being the first woman to be placed at the head of the municipal affairs of an important town. She is also the only woman on whom the freedom of Oldham has been conferred, and was the first woman town councillor in Lancashire.

Yachtsman Judge.

Two years ago Lord Justice Fletcher Moulton bought a steam yacht, with deckhouse and accommodation for six people, on board which he has since spent the Long Vacation, cruising on the French and Dutch coasts and up the great canals of those countries. His crew consists of his secretary as captain, his butler as steward, his two chauffeurs as engineers, and his London chef as cook, while Sir John himself takes his turn at the wheel and lends a willing hand in the general working of the yacht.

ACHES, PAINS AND RHEUMATISM?

Zam-Buk Will Give You Ease.

Have you had a bad attack of "general aching"? You know the feeling. Limbs ache, muscles seem to have become tired out, your back aches, now and again a twinge of rheumatism strikes you here and there. Your chest feels tight, there is a pain between your shoulders, and altogether you need toning up.

Cold is responsible for this condition, and a vigorous application of Zam-Buk will put you right. Take a hot bath, if possible, and then rub your chest and the aching limbs well with Zam-Buk.

Mrs. B. Gorie, 76 Berkeley St., Toronto, writes: "I cannot speak too highly of Zam-Buk. A few weeks ago I was suffering from a bad cold, which had settled in my throat, chest and limbs. I tried all kinds of remedies, new and old, and found very little relief until I used Zam-Buk. On applying this to my throat and chest I found such ease and relief from the tightness and soreness I determined to use only Zam-Buk. I also rubbed it on my limbs where I felt the rheumatic pains. In three days from the time I first began applying Zam-Buk I was free from the cold in the chest, throat, and also of the rheumatism in my limbs."

Zam-Buk will also be found a sure cure for cold sores, chapped hands, frost bites, ulcers, blood poison, varicose sores, piles, scalp sores, ringworm, inflamed patches, baby's eruptions and chapped places, cuts, burns, bruises and skin injuries generally. All druggists and stores sell at 50c. box, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, upon receipt of price. Avoid harmful imitations and substitutes.

"Yes," said the specialist, as he stood at the bedside of the miserable millionaire; "I can cure you."

"But what will it cost?" came feebly from the lips of the sick man.

The specialist made a swift mental calculation. "Ninety-five dollars," was his answer.

"Can't you shade your figure a little?" wailed the other. "The undertaker's bid is much less."—Lippincott's.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper

"Now I'll take your temperature," said the doctor to a Hebrew patient. "You can't, ma tear man! Everydink vos in ma wife's name."

A man would rather go to the dentist than go shopping with his wife, and she would rather scrub the floor than listen to his ideas on politics.

While more prevalent in winter, when sudden changes in the weather try the strongest constitutions, colds and coughs and ailments of the throat may come in any season. At the first sign of derangement use Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. Instant relief will be experienced, and use of the medicine until the cold disappears will protect the lungs from attack. For anyone with throat or chest weakness it cannot be surpassed.

The Major's Tip.

When Major Banks was the best known figure around the race tracks of Cincinnati and Hot Springs he was extremely generous in tipping off his friends to "sure winners." One man who enjoyed his confidence and played the horses according to the major's advice lost all his ready money and finally succeeded in reducing himself to the point where he had to sell out his grocery business.

One afternoon, following the placing of his last ten dollar note as the major advised, he caught Banks by the arm and said tragically:

"Major, you've made me lose my last cent. I'm a ruiner, and my wife and family are practically starving. I am now about to go down to the river and drown myself. It's all over for me."

"All right," answered Banks, "but in the event you change your mind meet me here at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. I think I'll have something good for you."—Exchange.

Kongo Tattooing.

In the Kongo colonies of Belgium both men and women are tattooed according to their status in society. A woman of high caste will have a design not unlike a square of wool sewed upon her back, and it would seem that the native is as content with this mode of covering as if it were a substitute for clothing. By injecting the juice of certain herbs the scars left by the tattooing process remain a swollen appearance, giving the effect of bas-relief work. The thorns of the acacia are generally used as a needle, while a certain black clay is used as a coloring medium.

Landor's Temper.

Walter Savage Landor, the poet, was a man of the most irascible temper. Augustus Hare, who knew him well, says that he has seen him take a pheasant up by the legs when it was brought to the table and throw it into the back of the fire over the head of the servant in attendance. He was very particular about his dinners, and it was over these that his violent explosions of anger usually took place. At the same time, we are assured that nothing could be more courteous than his manner to his guest, and this was as marked towards an ignorant schoolboy as towards his most distinguished visitor. His conversation, while calculated to put all his visitors at their ease and draw out their best points, was always wise, chivalrous, pure and witty. Landor was contemptuously indifferent to the conventionalities of dress. "He never bought any new clothes," said Mr. Hare, "and a chimney sweep would have been ashamed to wear his coat, which was always the same as long as I knew him, though it in no way detracted from his majestic and lion-like appearance."

His Explanation

Eddie Foy has a youngster who is as wise as what the woman call the "unborn" age. The other day his mother looked all over for a comb, and finally discovered it in a basin of water.

"Now," she said to Foy, junior, "what do you suppose that comb was doing in that water?"

Foy, junior, ignored the suspicion. "It 'us prob'ly washin' its teeth," he replied.—New York Telegraph.

Absent-Minded

The elevator conductor of a tall office building, noticing that the colored janitor had ridden up with him several times that morning, remarked: "Sam, this is the fifth time I have taken you up, but you have not come down with me." "Well, you see," Sam replied, "Ah been washin' windows on de 'leventh floor, and every time Ah wants to Ah misses mah hold and falls out."—Chicago News.

"Who is that man at the next table with that downcast, sad, resigned expression?" asked the guest at the club.

"I don't recall his name," replied the host, "but he is either a Republican or married to a suffragette; one can hardly tell them apart nowadays."—Life.

Pain Flees Before it.—There is more virtue in a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil as a subduer of pain than in gallons of other medicine. The public know this and there are few households throughout the country where it cannot be found. Thirty years of use has familiarized the people with it, and made it a household medicine throughout the western world.

Lesson in Etiquette

"I was ashamed of you at that dinner last night; you made so much noise drinking your tea."

"Why, I was only sipping it. It was hot."

"I should say you were gargling. Why didn't you pour it into your saucer, the way I did?"—Atchison Globe.

Pneumonia and Constipation are always preceded by an ordinary cold. Hamlin's Wizard Oil rubbed into the chest draws out the inflammation, breaks up the cold and prevents all serious trouble.

Sand Blast as Polisher

The sand-blast as a polisher is now followed by the simple air-blast (says Science Siftings). The erosive power, of course, is not so great, but when the articles to be cleaned or finished are placed in a basket in a rapidly driven centrifugal machine, and hot air is blown from a pipe through the basket, a high polish is imparted rapidly and efficiently.

Minard's Liniment Cure Diphtheria.

Isaacs—S'help me, ma tear, I nefer see such a trick before. He come inter my shop and say, "Isaacs, I vant to say, "I vant a coat." And when I fits him with the best in the house he turn and dash out inter the street, and I n-fer see him no more.

Aaron—Ah, I suppose it was one of your famous "cut away" coats that he went with.

DR. MORSE'S INDIAN ROOT PILLS

exactly meet the need which so often arises for a family laxative, a medicine to open up and regulate the bowels. Not only are they effective in all cases of Constipation but they help greatly in breaking up a Cold or La Grippe by cleaning out the system and purifying the blood. In the same way they relieve or cure Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headaches, Rheumatism and other common ailments. In the fullest sense of the words Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills are

A HOUSEHOLD REMEDY

READY FOR USE IN ANY QUANTITY

For making SOAP, softening water, removing old paint, disinfecting sinks, closets and drains and for many other purposes. A can equals 20 lbs. Sal Soda. Useful for five hundred purposes.

Sold Everywhere

E. W. Gillett Co., Ltd. Toronto, Ont.

GILLETT'S PERFUMED LYE (MADE IN CANADA)

Wait Till She's Older

On her sixth birthday Ethelberta's father gave her a little ring with a tiny pearl in it. Not very long after that she appeared in her father's office, looking very woebegone.

"O, daddy," she said, "I've lost the little pill out of my ring!"—Philadelphia Ledger.

"Do you think we have heard the worst of the discords in our party?"

"Not yet," replied the musical man. "Just wait till our glee club gets to practising."—Washington Star.

Commencing Operations

The Millionaire—Doctor, is it lutely necessary to remove my appendix?

"Not absolutely necessary, but it is safer to begin with some simple operation like that."—Life.

No matter how deep-rooted the corn or wart may be, it must yi-ld to Holloway's Corn Cure if used as directed.

Love is what a woman wants before marriage and much harder afterward.

For DISTEMPER Pink Eye, Colitis, Shipping Fever, and Catarrhal Fever.

Sure cure and positive preventive, no matter how horses at any age are infected or exposed. Liquid, given on the tongue, acts on the Blood and Glands, expels the poisonous germs from the body. Cures Distemper in Dogs and Sheep, and Cholera in Poultry. Largest selling live stock remedy. Cures La Grippe among human beings and is a fine kidney remedy. 50c and $1 a bottle; $5 and $12 a dozen. Cut this out. Keep it. Show it to your druggist, who will get it for you. Free Booklet, "Distemper, Causes and Cures."

DISTRIBUTORS—ALL WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, GOSHEN, IND., U.S.A.

The Scarlet Letter of Quality, the Red W

It stands for unequalled merit, entire reliability and invariable uniformity in

RIFLES, SHOTGUNS AND AMMUNITION

of all kinds. It means that goods so marked are of Winchester make and "Winchester make" means the highest quality of guns and ammunition that can be produced. For your protection always look for the Red W.

Winchester Rifles, Shotguns, Shotgun Shells and Cartridges for sale everywhere.

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO., NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Toronto Type Foundry Co., Ltd.

CALGARY :: WINNIPEG :: REGINA

The Largest Printers' Supply House in Canada. We Carry in Stock Cylinder Presses, Job Presses, Paper Cutters, Type and Material. Can Fill Orders for Complete Equipment from our Stock. We are the Largest Ready Print Publishers in the West. We Publish Ready Prints from our Winnipeg, Calgary and Regina Houses.

Order From Nearest Branch

Concrete Sidewalks are Safe, Sightly and Everlasting

LUMBER used in damp places and on wet ground—as, for instance, in walks—has a very short life. It requires almost constant repairing and, in a few years, needs replacing.

Concrete, on the other hand, improves with age, and the very dampness which destroys lumber calls out the best qualities of the cement by making it harder and harder—until neither time nor traffic can affect it.

The best of wooden walks keep getting out of repair, and are a continual menace to life and limb. They are also a frequent source of expensive doctor bills and lost time. Then again, they are likely to eat up the original cost in repairs before they are replaced.

Concrete walks are sightly, everlasting and safe. They cost less to build and need no repairing nor painting.

Write for our free book, "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete."

It tells in plain, simple language, how you can save money on farm construction by using cement for Barns, Dairies, Foundations, Fence Posts, Troughs, Feeding Floors, Hitching Posts, Stalls, Silos, Stairs, and so forth. The Book is well illustrated with photographs, plans and diagrams. Fill out the coupon or send a postal to-day.

Simply address it to

Canada Cement Co. Limited
51-60 National Bank Building
Montreal

You may send me a copy of "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete."

Name.....

Address.....

IA FULL OF PROMISE

CANADA'S OUTLOOK APPEARS DECIDEDLY HOPEFUL

Toronto Paper Takes a Very Optimistic View of the Conditions in Canada, and Contrasts Trade in the Dominion, with Prospects of Depression in the United States—Conditions in West Never so Good.

Toronto.—In its financial summary The Globe says: At the opening of 1911, a distinct contrast between commerce in Canada and in the United States is presented. A prospect of trade depression exists across the line, but in this country there is a jubilant note. Politics have not upset business in Canada and the wealth of the country was increased materially through its harvest, which taking the country as a whole was extraordinarily large, through its successful borrowing abroad which amounted to $180,000,000 and through the large amount of capital introduced by the new population and by direct investment, and the increased yield of agricultural products in other parts of Canada amply compensated for the decline in the crop.

The West report adds that the agricultural situation is the best in the west. There has been prepared for crop 3,527,000 acres of land, compared with 2,170,000 acres a year ago.

Saskatchewan and Alberta farmers have completed two-thirds of their fall plowing. The winter wheat in Alberta was never so promising and the acreage under crop there is 107,000, compared with 98,000 in 1909. For the harvesting of western crop this year, 90,000 sack binders are required and 27,000,000 pounds of binder twine used.

The report adds that the countries government, corporation and municipal borrowings amounted to $125,342,609 as compared with $20,000,000 in 1909.

The report states that the total immigration for the year was in the neighborhood of 325,000 and while fully half of this was for the west, there are still 200,000 homesteads open for the farmer, and new districts will be available for further settlement, with 1,000 miles of new railway in 1911.

GIGANTIC COUP BY J. J. HILL

Intrepid Railway Man Has Got Possession of Western Pacific Railway

Portland, Ore.—James J. Hill now owns the Western Pacific railway.

The news was conveyed here the other day by information of the incorporators of the United Properties Co., of California, which is said to have over $200,000,000 behind it. This goes far to prove the fact which has been a supposition in railway circles for some weeks that Mr. Hill has required control of the Western Pacific.

Starting with the consolidation of Key Route, Oakland Electric and Lewis Water and Power properties, and with an actual cast investment of $38,000,000, there are to be absorbed of the United Properties company resources of foreign capital of $35,000,000. This vast wealth would be employed in construction of docks and terminals and the building of a line of railways which would include transcontinental lines.

The relation of the United Properties company and the Western Pacific is close and there is a strong indication the foreign capital behind this is closely allied to the Grand Trunk Northern group and that while speculation runs the gamut of conjecture as to how and when Jim Hill would succeed in forcing an entrance into California, Hill has accomplished a coup of vastly greater dimensions than were imagined in the wildest conjectures that have found their way into print recently.

COMING OF THE DUKE

Nothing Yet Very Definite About the Change of Plans as Announced

London.—The Canadian Associated Press has reason to believe that the whole question of the Duke of Connaught and the governor-generalship of Canada is still under consideration, and that no definite decision has as yet been taken.

When the Duke arrived in London he had received no intimation of any such change in the plan as had been intimated from Ottawa, and he returned to England in expectation of proceeding to Canada as soon as he can be spared after the coronation.

CHANGE OF CUSTOMS

Reason Given is That Mill for Re-rolling Rails Has Been Established in Canada

Ottawa.—An order-in-council has been issued abolishing 25 per cent. ad valorem customs duty on rail used in re-rolling rails used in railway track and weighing not less than fifty-six pounds per yard and substituting therefore regular duty on rail of seven dollars per ton. The reason given is that a mill has been established in Canada equipped for re-rolling such rails in large quantities.

EXPRESS MEN WORRIED

They Are Very Much Non-Plussed by Recent Decision of the Railway Commission

Montreal, Que.—No decision yet has been arrived at by the Express companies as to what action will be taken in regard to the recent judgment of the railway commission. It is stated by a leading official of one of the companies that the statements of the judgment are of such a sweeping character that the companies do not yet know "where they were at."

Britain First

London.—Lord Strathcona on Canadian reciprocity wishes the United States well in the new year, but Great Britain has the first call with her subjects of the Dominion.

TWO KILLED IN FALL

Padla and Lafion Lost Lives When Monoplane Capsized in Paris-to-Brussels Flight

Paris.—The worst aeroplane accident in the history of French aviation occurred recently at Issy, when Marquis Mari Paula and Alexandre Lafion, chief pilot of the Antionette school of aviation, were killed by a 80-foot fall from their Antionette monoplane.

Lafion's wife witnessed the tragedy. Within 15 minutes of the time she kissed her daring husband farewell, she threw herself in a paroxysm of grief over his mangled body. She is in a critical condition from the shock.

Lafion was piloting the machine, and Paula, the owner of the monoplane, was a passenger. They were contesting for a $20,000 prize offered for the speediest two-passenger flight from Paris to Brussels and return. When almost directly over Haegur the machine capsized. Lafion made frantic efforts to right the falling craft, but when it dashed to earth, turning over twice in descending, Lafion fell a few feet distant from the wreck and his head was crushed and his right arm driven into his chest. The marquis was caught in the wreckage.

Both men were unconscious. They were taken to Boncaicault hospital, Paula dying as he was being carried into the hospital and Lafion a few minutes later. Lafion was 25 years old and one of the best known of French instructors. Paula had done little flying himself, but was one of the chief promoters of the sport, spending much of his great wealth in furthering the sport.

$90,000 FOR ALBERTA SCHOOLS

Minister of Education Decides to Distribute Portion of the Funds of the Educational Estate

Calgary.—The minister of education has decided to distribute a portion of the funds derived from the educational tax which is each year levied on assessable lands situated outside established school districts.

The act provides for a division of the revenue obtained from this source in the following manner—20 per cent. for the provincial university, 50 per cent. for our elementary public schools, 15 per cent. for the secondary departments of these schools and 15 per cent. for an initial grant to new school districts organized from lands which have been contributing towards this tax.

The amount now being distributed among the schools of the province amounts to about $90,000 and as 50 per cent. of which will go to the elementary schools.

This distribution does not by any means exhaust the fund, so that from time to time similar distributions will be made.

GOVERNMENT TO BUILD ROAD

Will Give Running Rights to All and Exercise the Control of Rates

Ottawa, Ont.—Sir Wilfrid Citizen says: The government policy with reference to the Hudson's Bay railway will be determined shortly. That the road will be built is settled. That it will be owned in perpetuity by the government is certain.

The question soon to be determined is that of operation, and the government hesitates, being undecided on one side that the rolling stock and the men could be employed but four or five months of the year, and on the other be idle during the rest.

The farmers urge this, though admitting that the big rush would be from harvest to the close of navigation.

While the official statement is not forthcoming, it is believed that the government will retain the ownership of the roadbed, but will give to all companies running rights, while at the same time exercising control of the rates to be charged.

AN ANARCHIST'S DEN

Gardstein's Home Had a Quantity of Explosives, Weapons, and Bullets—Anarchist Literature

London.—According to the Daily Telegraph, the search by the police for the Houndsditch burglars who shot several policemen to death a few nights ago, has led to the discovery of a complete arsenal of explosives in the house in Gold street, Stepney, formerly occupied by the dead burglar, Gardstein. Here the police found large quantities of materials used in the manufacture of explosives and also some pistols, literature, photographs of various kinds, and dum dum bullets.

WAR OFFICE ALARMED

Believed That a Regular Campaign Has Been Started Against the British

London.—Reports received here from southern Persia and from Baluchistan have alarmed the war office. The indication is that the recent engagements between English blue-jackets from the cruiser Hyacinth and tribesmen at Dibai, in which fourteen sailors and three times that number of natives were slain in only the beginning of a wide-spread campaign against the British.

To Establish Line from Prince Rupert

Montreal.—The Vancouver, Clayton, a British Capitalist, arrived recently from London and announced that a group of influential steamship capitalists intend to establish a line from Prince Rupert, B. C., to Liau Chou, northern China, calling at Yezo, the most northerly of the larger islands in the Japanese group.

King's Visit Wise

London.—Commenting on the return of the Duke of Connaught from his tour in South Africa, The Times says that he has demonstrated once more with convincing force the wisdom of the King's decision to visit the dominions overseas himself as soon as opportunity permits.

TROUBLES IN THE FAR EAST

CHINA MAY DECLARE WAR WITH JAPAN AND RUSSIA

Serious Trouble Between Japan and China, and Possibly also with Russia is Reported—China Does Not View With Pleasure Growing Intimacy Between Russia and Japanese in Manchuria.

Victoria, B. C.—Disquieting conditions which may give rise to serious trouble between Japan and China, if not between Russia and China also, are reported by the Tokio Kokumina, according to advices received here by the steamship Tacoma Maru.

The Kokumina says the intimacy between Russia and the Japanese in Manchuria is having a serious effect upon the Chinese, and that anti-Japanese and anti-Russian sentiment is increasing.

When the manoeuvres of Japanese troops in Manchuria were being arranged in November, Chinese troops were sent to the scene, and only through their action on the part of the Japanese was this force withdrawn.

Since then Chinese troops and police along the Antung-Mukden railway have instigated Chinese coolies to intimidate Korean laborers, with the result that a battle between the Chinese and Koreans lasted for three days.

RECLAMATION OF LAND

Mr. Ogilvie Estimates That Three Million Acres Can be Made at Reasonable Cost

Ottawa.—Hon. Wm. Ogilvie has been with an exploration party in the unknown parts of the Northwest and the Nelson and Saskatchewan rivers for the purpose of securing accurate information regarding the location of unknown water falls contiguous to these rivers and to determine the velocity of the rapids.

The preliminary report is also in the course of preparation for the department of public works on the feasibility of making the Saskatchewan river navigable for boats drawing from 8 to 10 feet from Lake Winnipeg to Prince Albert.

This proposal will have Mr. Ogilvie's endorsation and especially the section from Lake Winnipeg to Prince Albert. He believes a water way doing away with a long rail haul would develop the coal industry of the Pasmountains.

The reclamation scheme of lands at the Pas will affect 3,000,000 acres, which Mr. Ogilvie believes can be done at a reasonable cost by a system of drainage, the water finding its way naturally to the many rivers adjacent. The lands, he stated, would be more fertile than any under cultivations in the Dominion.

FALLING OFF IN ALASKA GOLD

Experts Do Not Expect Any Placer Mines as Rich as Those Now Giving Out

Washington.—A marked falling off in the production of gold in Alaska due to the failure of placer mines in the Fairbanks district and elsewhere is reported in the preliminary statement of geological survey on Alaska mineral resources for 1910.

The production of gold during the year was approximately $16,360,000, compared with $20,371,000 in 1909. The decline which has been apparent for some time and is due almost entirely to the working out of rich placers about Nome and the other placer mines.

Much good placer dirt is left, but it cannot be worked profitably under present conditions. Experiments are now being carried on in Alaska to find an economical method for taking the gold out of this gravel. The geological experts do not believe that the future will develop any placer mines as rich as those that are now giving out.

TRIP DOWN MACKENZIE RIVER

Earl Grey Will be Met at Mouth of Mackenzie River by the Cruiser Rainbow

Ottawa.—If the present plans for Earl Grey's trip down the Mackenzie river to the sea are carried out, his excellency will be met at the mouth of the Mackenzie by the cruiser Rainbow of the Canadian navy, now stationed on the Pacific coast as a training ship.

It is believed that Earl Grey shall make his start from Edmonton in the early summer, and as in the case of the trip to Hudson bay, his excellency will be escorted by a detachment of Northwest police.

It is estimated that it will take not more than three weeks to make the journey down the Mackenzie. By steamboat from the mouth of the Mackenzie to Victoria will be two thousand miles. Special preparations will be taken as to navigation.

Before the trip is now being considered and unless something unforeseen happens it will be made.

MISSING MAN PHOTOGRAPHED

Sophus Hanson, Who Disappeared in 1904, Was in Farmers' Delegation at Ottawa.

Montreal—In November, 1904 Sophus Hanson disappeared from this city, leaving a wife and daughter. He was given up for dead until the recent visit of the grain growers' delegation to Ottawa, where a group photograph was taken. The wife and daughter recognized the face of one of the farmers as those of the husband and father, and are now making strenuous efforts to locate him in Western Canada.

Japanese Spy at Manilla

Manilla.—United States military authorities have arrested an alleged Japanese spy in Coregidor, the island whose fortifications guarded the entrance to Manilla bay. The spy is said to have been caught with several military sketches and maps in his possession.

CORONATION OF KING GEORGE

Thousands Will Witness Impressive Spectacle—Splendid Music to be Provided

London, Eng.—An interesting feature of King George's coronation will be the provision of a third throne for Queen Alexandra. This will be placed upon the left of the King's coronation chair—Queen Mary being on the right.

The two queens' chairs will be identical in height, and each two steps lower than that of the king.

Westminster Abbey is to be closed to the public from the middle of February, when it will be handed over to the office of works. When this takes place a complete transformation in the interior of the building will commence.

At the crowning of King Edward at least seven thousand spectators were present, and this number is likely to be considerably exceeded, since King George has laid it down that accommodation is to be provided for the members of the commons and their ladies. Two tickets will be available for every member, and these will be issued early in the new year.

Every member of the House of Lords is entitled to a ticket for the ceremony and another for a lady, and these demands will be satisfied before any other claims are considered, even those of foreign royalties or their representatives.

This extra accommodation will be provided by erecting galleries in the chapel of St. Edward the Confessor, which commends an excellent view of the whole ceremonial.

These galleries were built prior to the coronation of King Edward, but were torn down because it was feared they might obstruct the view of the distinguished visitors.

WILL CAUSE UNTOLD LOSS

Savings Representing Life Toil of Many Families Will Be Wiped Out

Toronto.—The wreck of the Farmers' Bank is a fair to result in loss and suffering, compared to which the after effects of the collapse of the Ontario Bank were trifling. At a meeting of Halton farmers in Milton, a meeting held for the purpose of talking over the affairs of the bank, it became plain that the insolvency of the bank means ruin to many of the shareholders and depositors.

Sums, representing the life toil of families in rural Ontario, went into the Farmers' Bank. The money invested is gone, the deposits are not likely to be heard of again except to the extent of 25 cents on the dollar, and there is the certainty of a hundred per cent. liability to be faced. To satisfy the claim, in many cases, the farmer shareholders must sacrifice practically all they have in the world.

It is even said now among financial men that twenty-five cents is more than the bank can be expected to pay.

WILL TEST VALUE OF PEAT

Interesting Statement Has Been Made by the Director of the Canadian Department of Mines

Ottawa.—That Peat will be one of the Canadian fuels of the future is the statement of Dr. Eugene Haanel, director of the Mines department recently.

He added that next year the department intends making tests in Manitoba which will be the first on the largest deposits of peat which have been reported there. He added that there was a great thing for Manitoba should the deposits prove to have the commercial value as the price of coal in the West is high.

He stated that the government had no intention of carrying on the peat industry, but would continue to operate the testing plant at Alfred, Ont. The government has carried out a man in this city who experimented with peat as a domestic fuel and found it a success, saving $33.75 on his winter's coal bill.

ROAD TO FAIRBANKS

Thirty Million Dollars Will Be Spent on the Copper River and Northwestern Road.

Seattle, Wash.—Work on the extension of the Corper River & Northwestern railroad from Fairbanks, in the Tanana gold district, will be begun immediately, it was given out here. Kinnecott is to be completed, according to information, received here. The new extension will run from Chitina and will be pushed toward Fairbanks as rapidly as possible. The distance from Chitina to Fairbanks is about 300 miles. The estimated extension will involve the expenditure of thirty millions, and will be the largest project yet undertaken in Alaska.

Chitina is 150 miles from Cordova, the ocean terminus of the railroad.

PORTUGAL ALARMED

Report of a Correspondent Who May Know About the Present Conditions

Paris—A dispatch to The Temps from Madrid states that advices from Lisbon describe the political situation in the new republic of Portugal as threatening. The government is reported as not sure of the loyalty of the army and navy, while as a measure of precaution three cruisers have been ordered to leave for Lisbon.

The population is becoming alarmed. The correspondent of the Temps adds that the activity of the working classes in Portugal is another cause of uneasiness, strikers in the various trades frequently making demands, which it is impossible to meet.

Canada's Exports Increase

Ottawa.—A report to the trade and commerce department from the commissioner at Cape Town states that while the flour imports from the United States and Argentine are decreasing those from Canada and Australia are increasing rapidly. Out of 67,551 tons imported last year 65,196 came from Canada. The value of the flour bought from this country has increased in three years from $629,285 to $1,115,000.

WILL HAVE TO RUSH WORK

Congress Has Only a Short Period in Which to Pass Reciprocity Scheme

Washington, D. C.—If a Canadian reciprocity treaty is to be concluded during the present session of congress, all records in the matter of speed of negotiations must be broken. The incentive to haste lies in the realization by the administration of the difficulty of framing any sort of a reciprocity treaty that can safely be steered through the next congress with its Democratic house, for although nominally the assent of the senate alone is required to the conclusion of a treaty, yet in the case of a reciprocity trade treaty the house of representatives must be afforded an opportunity to deal with the subject.

The Canadian reciprocity commissioners are expected in Washington in time to attend the diplomatic reception at the White House on January 16. It is presumed that immediately after that event the negotiations will be resumed at the point where they were interrupted by the adjournment in Ottawa last November. As a matter of fact, not much progress was made during the first meeting of the commissioners. That meeting was confined principally to exchanges of views preliminary to the actual negotiations of the two parties. It will now be necessary for the negotiations to enter the realm of definite proposals for the remission or abatement of duties on certain articles which must be changed if a treaty is clearly understood now that the state department does not expect to secure in the behalf of reciprocity on all products.

Including Sundays and one holiday, but seven and a half weeks time will be available before the expiration of the present congress for framing and reaching an agreement upon the principles of reciprocity, electing the articles to be affected, drafting the treaty and the protected legislation necessary to give it effect, and securing congressional action thereupon. It can readily be seen that an unexampled task confronts the administration in this undertaking.

REPLIES TO CRITICISM

Secretary Manitoba Grain Growers' Association Directs Remarks to Manufacturers

Winnipeg.—W. R. Kemp, secretary of the Manitoba Grain Growers' association, replied to the criticisms of T. A. Russell before the Canadian club at Toronto, regarding the representative character of the delegation which recently interviewed Premier Laurier.

Mr. Russell, a manufacturer, protected by a 35 p.c. tariff, Mackenzie says Russell is taking $350 out of the pockets of every $1,000 letter spends in his line, and as long as such conditions remain, it is little wonder that he is anxious to trying to "take the farmer by the arm and dispel his erroneous impression that he is getting rich at any class."

Mr. Russell, continued Mr. MacKenzie, seems to take a good deal of comfort out of the resolution passed by the Winnipeg Vegetable Growers' association, which consists of probably fifty truck farmers around Winnipeg. The western delegation represented Mr. Bredt, secretary of the Grain Growers' association, anyone of which has a larger representation than the Winnipeg Vegetable association.

"The manufacturers," said MacKenzie, "are entitled to all the comfort they can receive out of setting up the opinion of this association against the opinion of western grain growers, and the opinion of the Grange of Toronto."

FIELDING IS VERY BUSY

Grant for Selkirk Centennial One of Questions Now Being Considered

Ottawa.—It is impossible to obtain any definite statement here as to the resumption of reciprocity negotiations, but there is every reason to believe that the general programme will be adhered to and that Hon. W. S. Fielding and perhaps Hon. Wm. Pate-son will go to Washington about January 12.

The minister of finance will devote his time while away from the house assembling of parliament to a "clearing of the slate." One of the important matters to be attended to is that of an appropriation for the Winnipeg world's fair.

At present there is no intention of the delivery of the budget speech before February 20th or 21st, and by that time Mr. Fielding will, it is hoped, be in a position to deliver his budget speech, and to make a detailed announcement as to the result of the reciprocity negotiations.

MARTYR TO THE CAUSE

Sister of Mrs. Pankhurst Succumbs to Harsh Treatment Received in London Jail

London—As the result of hardships endured while undergoing imprisonment for participating in the recent suffragette raid on parliament, Mrs. Clarke, sister of Mrs. Emily Pankhurst, died at her home in Brixton immediately following her release from prison. Mrs. Clarke, it is alleged, was brutally treated in prison, and was forced to eat such coarse food that her health broke down. The suffragettes are planning to demand a parliamentary enquiry into her treatment in prison.

The Budget Speech Next May

Ottawa.—At present there is no intention of the delivery of the budget speech and it may not be delivered before May. Mr. Fielding will, it is hoped, be in a position to deliver the speech himself and to make a detailed announcement as the result of the reciprocity negotiations.

Coins With New King on Them

Ottawa.—The finance department is awaiting the approval of King George in regard to the effigy to be used on the Canadian gold coins. As soon as this is done and the dies are forwarded, the coinage of gold will begin at the Ottwa branch of the Royal mint. It will likely be next month.

TO SUPERVISE THE RATES

SHIPPERS NOW ASSURED OF IMPARTIAL TREATMENT

The International Railway Commission Have Reached an Agreement Whereby Regulatory Authority Will be Extended Over Railways Operating in Canada and the United States.

Washington.—An international railway commission with supervisory authority over the railways operating between the United States and Canada is assured. After many months of negotiations between the governments of the United States and Canada a conclusion has been reached, which means that in the course of possibly a few months regulatory authority will be extended over railways operating between the two countries.

For several days Chairman Martin A. Knapp, of the Interstate Commerce commission, and Hon. Lyman P. Mabee, chief commissioner of the Railway commission of Canada, have been in conference as the representatives of their governments on the subject of an international railway commission. The commissioners reached an agreement last Wednesday. Since that time they have been working out the details of the report.

As it is a diplomatic matter, the commissioners were directed by the state department not to make public at present the result of their negotiations. The text of the report, therefore, is not available.

It is known, however, that the commissioners have agreed upon the advisability of the creation of an international railway commission, which shall have supervisory authority over the railway lines doing an international business between the two countries.

This authority is to extend to the regulation of international rates, both freight and passenger, and by the exercise of the powers conferred upon it the international commission may prescribe through routes and joint rates and through bills of lading between points in one country to points in the other.

The commission have authority over all interstate transportation and may be appealed to by shippers and carriers in each country for relief from what they may deem oppressive methods or regulations or excessive or unreasonable rates.

The principal subject under discussion by the designated representatives of the two governments was the method by which the commission should be created. It finally was decided to recommend that the agreement between the two countries should be concluded by a treaty rather than by joint legislation.

In the nature of things it will be necessary to have whatever treaty may be made with the approval of the United States senate. No serious difficulty in that regard is anticipated.

The report of the commissioners having been submitted to the two governments arrangements immediately will be concluded between them for the creation in connection with the terms of the report. Once this treaty is arranged it will be submitted to the senate.

The creation of an international commission it is reported will mean the unification of the railways of the United States and Canada so far as government supervision and rules and regulations is concerned, and will ensure to all carriers and shippers doing an international business impartial treatment.

PRAISE FOR OUR SCHOOLS

Western Schools Much Better Organized than Toronto, Says James Simpson

Toronto.—"Toronto's High school system is ten or fifteen years behind the times," said James Simpson, of the board of education to the management committee recently. He had just returned from a tour of inscontments at tour taken by the Royal commission on technical education, and he spoke as one who had seen and knew whereof he spoke.

In Western cities, such as Calgary, Edmonton, Brandon, the High schools were much better organized than in Toronto. It made him wonder what the High schools here could find so far behind the times. None questioned that statement, but all were contented himself with the opinion that trustees and teachers had done their best.

R. N. W. M. P. at Pincher Creek

Pincher Creek, Alta.—A survey party, of which F. H. Herne is chief, is proceeding with the work of surveying the remaining portions of the half section for the Royal North West Mounted Police. The work is being done under directions from the department of interior, at Ottawa. The portions reared to will be divided into two parts, which will consist of one for buildings, the second to be divided into town lots, the third for park purposes, the fourth for an armory and parade ground, the fifth to be used for grazing purposes.

Atlantic Cable Repaired

Halifax, N. S.—The cable steamer Minnia returned recently from a three weeks' cable repairing trip off the south coast of Newfoundland. She has repaired the breaks in the main cable. One of the breaks was in the cable laid by the Great Eastern in 1869.

Fund For German Heroism

Berlin—Andrew Carnegie's gift for the establishment of a fund for German heroism, was the leading topic of the Emperor's New Year reception. The Emperor has dispatched a second letter of gratitude to Mr. Carnegie.

Tofield Mines Busy

Tofield, Alta.—The three Tofield coal companies are working full blast and shipping coal to all points along the G. T. P. through eastern Alberta and Saskatchewan.

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SATURDAY, JANUARY 7, 1911.

1910-1911

This being our first issue for the New Year, it is perhaps fitting that we should make some reference to the occasion in our editorial columns

The year 1910 has been one of great progress in Strathmore and in the surrounding district, and anyone who left here at the beginning of 1910 and came back at the end of the year would hardly recognise it as the same town. A number of new businesses have been established, and many of the older businesses in town have built larger premises to cope with the increasing trade. The C.P.R. built a large Immigration Hall last spring for the accommodation of the settlers who came in through Strathmore. A second hotel is in process of erection on Third Street, while a three-storey addition is at present being made to the King Edward Hotel, which will make the number of bedrooms 88, and render it the largest hotel between Calgary and Medicine Hat. A large Opera House, with seating accommodation for 500, and equipped in up-to-date manner with staging, scenery, etc., has recently been completed. A well-equipped Fire Hall, costing $2500, was built last spring, and the finishing touches were put on last month. Two large churches are at present in process of erection, one for the Methodists and one for the Presbyterians, to cost over $3000 each. A handsome Roman Catholic chapel was built several months ago and is now being used for worship.

During the year over $40,000 has been spent on improvements at the C.P.R. Demonstration Farm, including a new residence for the superintendent, Professor Elliott, a big extension to the cow-barn, a large number of greenhouses, etc. Other two cow barns are to be constructed in the immediate future.

PROSPECT FOR 1911

For 1911 the prospects of Strathmore advancement are very rosy indeed. During the last four months a German gentleman, Dr Max Wiedman, has been around this district enlisting the support of the farmers towards the formation of a sugar beet factory, and he has now succeeded in getting guarantees from the farmers that they will grow from 4000 to 5000 acres of sugar beets. The company is now incorporated with a capital of $1,500,000 ($750,000 paid up), and it is expected that building operations will be commenced whenever the frost is out of the ground. The factory, Dr Wiedman has stated, will be within 3½ miles of Strathmore, and as it will entail during building the services of 750 men, and for operation other 400, besides the labor required for growing the beets, it will be readily seen that it will mean a great deal to Strathmore.

Then there is the ready-made farm project. In the spring of 1909 a ready-made farm colony was formed nine miles north of Strathmore, and the success of that colony has been such, notwithstanding the adverse crop conditions, that during 1911 the C.P.R. will build 500 ready-made farms in Alberta. 250 of these will be in the district tributary to Strathmore. About 25 have already been built 5 miles south of here, at Cairnhill, and other 14 are at present under construction 2 miles south-east of town.

The benefit which will accrue to Strathmore through the increase in the country population cannot be accurately estimated, but it will indeed be great.

In a few months Strathmore will be incorporated as a town, and it may be taken for granted that once this is done waterworks and sewers systems will be constructed, more sidewalks laid, and many other improvements made.

About a month ago the citizens gave a franchise to Calgary Natural Gas Company for the supply of natural gas, so it should not be very long before we have that illuminant in our homes, offices and streets.

IN THE COUNTRY

1910 saw a great influx of population into the country surrounding Strathmore. Most of the colonists were from the States, but a considerable proportion are from Eastern Canada and Britain. These settlers were all supplied with capital, and have done a great amount of development work. It is unfortunate that the dryness of the season has caused the crop to be altogether out of proportion to what it would have been with an adequate rainfall, but at the same time the new settlers have seen what Alberta soil can do even under the most adverse crop conditions, and they are sticking by the land, and hoping for a bumper crop in 1911, which we have every hope and belief will be granted to them.

The beet sugar factory will undoubtedly revolutionise farming conditions in this part of the country. It will mean that the farmer will get more than double the return from an acre of beets than he would from an acre in grain, and will greatly enhance the price of land in the district. It will supply the farmer with what he has been wanting for a long time—a market for his produce at his own door. Furthermore, this beet sugar company will be a co-operative one, so that the farmer will have an equal voice with the investors of capital in the management of the company.

A year of great progress is ahead of this Western District of the Irrigation Block, as with the whole of the Province of Alberta, and we can all look forward to the future, and thank the luck that brought us to this—the finest country in the North American Continent. Here's to 1911!

I NEED MONEY!

"Strange as it may seem."

To obtain this money I propose to SELL two of the following FARMS, which I now own:

WEST HALF SEC. 29.23.25, WILD—Sold

South half Sec 24.23.26 wild

South-west quarter Sec 14.23.25 imprv'd

East half Sec 15.24.24. improved

South-west 17 and south-east 18.22.26. improved, and south half and north-west quarter 4.26.22. All located from 3 to 6 miles out

TERMS—A REASONABLE CASH PAYMENT, AND THE BALANCE ON CROP PAYMENTS

Frank T. McElhoes

Strathmore

DO NOT RENT

BUY A FARM

IN THE

Bow Valley

TERMS—Ten years Time or Crop Payments. Six per cent Interest. CONTINENT'S MOST FERTILE LAND AT LOWEST PRICES

CANADIAN PACIFIC IRRIGATION COLONIZATION CO., LTD.

CALGARY, ALBERTA

UNION BANK

OF CANADA

Capital, Rest and Undivided Profits $5,644,700.
Total Assets Over $44,000,000.

No Man Remains Poor who saves every week, or month, or year, a certain amount, no matter how small. Few ever get rich without doing so.

The Savings Department of this Bank provides a safe place for your savings to accumulate, and grow with the Interest which is added half-yearly.

$1.00 or upward is enough for the first deposit. Money may be withdrawn whenever you need it.

Strathmore Branch, J. Van Tighem Mgr. Langdon, H. R. Rosels Mgr.

FARMERS ATTENTION!

We are now prepared to

GRIND FEED

and have on hand at all time

GROUND FEED

For Sale at Right Prices

ALTA PACIFIC ELEVATOR CO.
F. R. LILLY, Agent

Modern Woodmen of America.

STRATHMORE CAMP. (14481)

Meets 1ST and 3RD WEDNESDAY in BROWN'S HALL.

Visiting Brethren Cordially Invited to Attend.

F. BOND, Clerk.

FIREWOOD for Sale at Riverside Lumber Co.'s Yard

No Elections

COUNCIL HAS A WALK-OVER

Tuesday evening was the date fixed for the nomination of candidates for Councillors for the village of Strathmore. The meeting was held simultaneously with the incorporation meeting. Mr H. J. Spicer acted as returning officer. The only nominations were F. T. McElhoes, D. McCulloch, and J. W. Waddy, proposed by H. B. Seymour and seconded by L. H. Carufel.

This means, therefore, that the former Council are elected by acclamation

The incorporation proceedings supply the reason for this unusual state of affairs—for Strathmore. It is expected that in the course of two or three months an election will be held for Town Councillors, and this being so those elected at present will hold office for only a limited period.

Incorporation of Strathmore

THREE SECTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN

A well-attended meeting of ratepayers of Strathmore was held in the Fire Hall on Tuesday evening. Mr F. T. McElhoes was appointed chairman of the meeting and Mr W. E. Brown secretary.

Mr McElhoes explained the circumstances under which the meeting was held, that there had been a meeting for the same purpose some time ago, but that owing to a legal technicality it had become necessary to go over the ground again. At the last meeting it had been proposed that the town limits be the boundaries of section 14, but since then there had been an expression of opinion in favor of taking in a larger amount of land, as it would be easier to do it at the present time then after the town had grown. Nearly all the land within a two mile radius of Strathmore was held by speculators, who were holding the land a long away above farm land prices. One of these people had lately refused an offer of $150 an acre for his land. As these people were not holding that land at farm land prices, it was only right that they should be included in the town limits and taxed accordingly.

After some discussion, most of the speakers being in favor of taking in the larger area, the following motion was moved by Mr. C. W. Chase and seconded by Mr R. McCann: That the village of Strathmore be incorporated as a town, with the following boundaries:—E. ½ sect. 15-24-25, N.E. ¼ sect. 10-24-25, N. ½ sect. 11-24-25, N.W. ¼ sect. 12-24-25, W. ½ sect. 13-24-25, all section 14.

On a vote being taken 23 were in favor and none against.

It was agreed that Mr M. B. Peacock, solicitor, be appointed to supervise the incorporation proceedings.

What? Sure!

Hast heard about the dandy town
Of Strathmore?
The Last Great West will give the crown
To Strathmore.
The lumber-men are making hay
While old Sol shines the live-long day;
When talking of new buildings, say!
See Strathmore.

The English Colony and Dutch
Near Strathmore
To business contribute much
In Strathmore.
There colonists from every land
And Yankees here on every hand,
Well, don't you think we beat the band
At Strathmore?

We're thinking now of natural gas
At Strathmore,
And surely this will come to pass
At Strathmore,
Water works and sewerage, too,
Aught short of that would never do,
Ho! Calgary, we'll vaudeville up with you
At Strathmore.

The next thing that we undertake
At Strathmore
We'll build a factory at a lake
Near Strathmore.
There's coin in oats or winter wheat
But—cultivate the sugar beet.
Say, friend, we never get cold feet
In Strathmore.

A fitting ending to this song
Of Strathmore:
We'll soon have what we've needed long
Nay, stop that unbelieving cough
Bah Jove! on you will be the laugh,
We'll have a PUBLIC WATERING TROUGH
In Strathmore.

MAC.

P.S.—A prize of citrus fruit may or may not be awarded to anyone discovering the authorship of the above on application to Downie & Salmon

YOUR MADE-TO-MEASURE SUIT

THE BALANCE OF OUR
WINTER GOODS
TO GO AT REDUCED PRICES

THIS IS A LIST OF A FEW OF THEM:

1 only Black Bear Coat, $25 reduced to $20
Long Corduroy Coats, sheep lined, wambat collar, best quality, $22 to $18.50
2 Short Corduroy Coats, sheep-lined wambat collars $12 to $10
3 Canvas Coats " $7.50 to $5.50
4 Youths' Reefers. blue, heavy 5.00 to 3.75
3 Boys' " " 4.25 to 3.50
2 Small Boys' Reefers. blue, brass buttons 3.50 to 3.00
4 Men's Mackinaw Coats, leather trimmed 5.50 to 4.25
2 pair heavy Mackinaw Pants extra quality 5.00 to 3.75
3 pair Lined Overalls, xtra qual. 3.75 to 2.75
About 20 pairs Men's and Boys' Felts at a Very Low Figure
2 Fur Collars and 6 Fur Caps to go Cheap
A few Suits Heavy Underwear and some Heavy Winter Shirts, cheap by the pair

MEN'S and BOYS' 1 BUCKLE OVERSHOES at $1.50 per Pair while they last

Remember, Good Reasonable Reductions on all Winter Goods, as we must clear them out in the next few days to make room for a Big Stock of Spring Goods which will soon arrive.

Clothes Cleaned and Pressed

THOS. E. WRIGHT
MEN'S OUTFITTER STRATHMORE

YOUR MADE-TO-MEASURE OVERCOAT

The Beet Sugar Factory

POINTS FOR THE FARMER

In the course of an interview on Thursday with Dr Max Wiedman, promoter of the Sugar Beet Company, that gentleman stated that he was highly gratified with the progress being made. There were now 5000 acres subscribed, and the farmer directors appointed some weeks ago had taken hold most energetically, and had held a number of meetings for the purpose of drawing up the articles of association. A meeting of the directors will be held next Saturday.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

Through the courtesy of Dr Wiedman we are are enabled to publish the sections of the articles of association applying specially to the farmer, as follows —

The Company agrees to:—

1. Pay $5 a ton for all beets delivered f.o.b cars at nearest loading station or at Company's factories that have been properly cared for and have not been allowed to bleed to damage sugar content

2. To establish beet factories, cutting stations, beet dumps, so that farmers will not have to haul beets too far

3. To furnish beet seed that will produce an average sugar beet at cost

4. To supply the force to plant the beets at cost

5. To perform the labor of thinning and topping the beets, if necessary, at cost

6. To deduct all cost from beets delivered to Company at loading stations or at the factories

7. To provide all necessary implements at costs

8. To receive beets in time

9. To allow the farmers time to get the beets out of ground before danger of frost, as the management may desire

10. To furnish instructions for the preparing of ground and cultivating and raising of crop free of cost to growers

11. To allow the holding of one farmer share for each acre sugar beets cultivated for the Company's factories, representing one vote in all meetings of the Company

The beet growers agrees, for the above advantages—

1. To grow so many acres apiece, to hold for each acre of sugar beets raised for the Company one farmers' share in accordance with laws embodied in articles of association

3. To prepare the land

4. To follow out faithfully the instructions of the field manager or his assistants

5. In the event of any failure to comply with above rules, the company may do all such work as they may deem necessary at my cost, the same to be deducted from the proceeds of any crop when delivered, providing that they do not extend more labor than the value of the crop

6. To haul the beets to the factories or loading stations, strictly at such time and in such quantities as field manager orders, provided that the farmer can haul more if he desires. In this case the farmer must make arrangements with the field manager or his assistants so that the company is prepared to take the crop up

7. In the case of any dispute between the field manager and the farmers the directors will decide

No call can be made on farmers stock exceeding 10 per cent. in one year, and such call can only be made if the average crop exceeds 12 tons per acre, but if the farmers decide to make a call on their shares if the average crop is 12 or below 12 tons, then such call can only be made if the farmers determine such call by two-thirds majority. A higher call than 10 per cent can only be made if the farmers determine such call by unanimous resolution

The subject for debate at the Alpha Literary Club on Thursday will be "Resolved that the Credit System does more harm than good."

CARUFEL AND FROST
TINSMITHS & PLUMBERS

AGENTS FOR
FAMOUS GURNEY STOVES AND FURNACES
PUMPS A SPECIALITY
CORRUGATED METAL GRAINERIES

"A New Year's Dream"

One of the most effective gems in dramatic art is the beautiful costume comedy, "A New Year's Dream," to be presented here on Monday by the Lyceum Players. Briefly the story tells of an up-to-date young man, who has dined not wisely but too well and returned to his rooms on New Year's Eve. Prominent among the pictures covering the wall is an oil painting of his great grandmother as a girl, to whom he addresses some remark. To his surprise the picture answers, steps from the frame and begins a spirited conversation. The idea is so novel, the dialogue so bright and the moral so convincing that the play has become one of the most popular before the public. Between the acts Sig. Romanilli, harpist, and Miss Violet Hunt, soprano, will present the musical novelty, "Songs of all Nations," in costume.

The Agricultural Society

At a meeting held at Strathmore on Saturday, Dec. 31, officers were elected for the newly-formed Strathmore Agricultural Society as follows President, F. W. Schutter; vice-presidents, R. B. Robson and W. E. Brown; secretary, F. T. McElhoes; directors, J. A. Cammaert, M. E. Sly, W. J. Way, T. O. Wilkinson, H. A. Michaelis, F. C. Watts, H. Sorensen, J. A. Schultz, R. Salmon, R. Barr, C. W. Chase, Geo Lloyd, J. W. Waddy, F. T. McElhoes and R. McCann.

A meeting of Strathmore School District will be held next Friday. As proposals for extending the school, rendered necessary by the increase of the juvenile population, and which will cost at least $3000, will be discussed at the meeting, it is desirable that there should be a good attendance of the ratepayers. Details will be found in our advertising columns

FARM LOANS CHATTLE LOANS

$15.00 to $50.00 an Acre
And from 5 to 10 Years to Pay.

Your Chance to Own a fine Farm in the famous Irrigated Block—Alberta's most fertile soil

This is a Settler's and Investor's Chance to obtain a Farm in the finest part of Alberta

Owners having land in this locality and wishing to have development work done the coming season should correspond with this firm for prices and particulars. We are prepared to handle large or small contracts

It will pay you to let us figure on your Insurance Only the best lines handled

Farmers having land listed hereare kindly requested to revise their lists in the near future for the Spring Market. New Lists are respectfully solicited

Wanted:
A Good Half Section of Dry Land on Crop Payments
Call or write for particulars

We have Lots of Money for Good Farm Loans; call for particulars

Paul J. Harrison

A VISIT TO THE
ALBERTA RESTAURANT
which has recently changed hands from Moy Fong to YEP WAH, will repay all in need of a
GOOD MEAL.
Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobaccos.

Strathmore Grain Prices.

Furnished by Mr Lilly, Strathmore (agent, Alberta Pacific Elevator Co.)

WHEAT	
1 northern	71
2 northern	67
3 northern	64
4 northern	58
5 northern	52
6 northern	46
Feed	39
BARLEY	
No 3	37
No 4	35
Feed	31
OATS	
Over 38 lbs	32
Under 38 lbs	29
Feed	27
FLAX	
1Manitoba	1.50
Rejected	1.25
Jan. 7, 1911.	

STRATHMORE "STANDARD" JOB PRINTING IS NOT TO BE EXCELLED

FOR GOOD MEALS GO TO
GILLIES' RESTAURANT
FIRST STREET STRATHMORE

J M. GILLIES
Proprietor.

Get The Habit
Take a BATH at the
STRATHMORE
BARBER SHOP
FRANK SEALES

SUBSCRIBE for the STRATHMORE AND BOW VALLEY STANDARD. For $1.00 per year you get all the news of the town and district.

The Riverman

By STEWART EDWARD WHITE

Copyright, 1908, by the McClure Company Copyright, 1907, 1908, by Stewart Edward White

(Continued.)

Chapter 6

NEWMARK followed the thirty-three days' work of the log drive with great interest. Gradually the men got used to him and ceased to treat him as an outsider.

The drive went down as far as Redding in thirty-three days. The men worked fourteen and sixteen hours at times. Several bad jams relieved the monotony. Problems of mechanics arose to be solved on the spot. Orde solved them by a rough and ready rule of thumb. He built structures which would have furnished a winter's discussion to some committees, just as the loggers had built through a rough country hundreds of miles of road better than railroad grade and smooth as a turnpike, the quarter of which would have occupied the average county board of supervisors for five years.

The drive was to be delivered at the booms of Morrison and Daly above the city of Redding, a thrifting place of about 20,000 inhabitants situated on a long rapids forty miles from Lake Michigan.

The last camp was made six or eight miles above the mill. A good proportion of the rivermen, eager for the town, tramped down the road, to return early in the morning more or less drunk. One or two did not return.

Among the revelers was the cook, Charlie, commonly called "the doctor," and he moped about disconsolately. In the evening he looked so much like a chicken with the pip that Orde's attention was attracted.

"Got that dark brown taste, Charlie?" he inquired, with mock solicitude.

"I tell you I only had two glasses of beer!" cried Charlie, goaded.

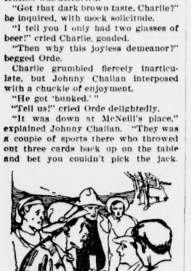
"Then why this joyless demeanor?" begged Orde.

Charlie grumbled fiercely inarticulate, but Johnny Challan interposed with a chuckle of enjoyment.

"He got 'binked.'"

"Tell us!" cried Orde delightedly.

"It was down at McNeill's place," explained Johnny Challan. "They was a couple of sports there who throwed out three cards back up on the table and bet you couldn't pick the jack.



Held up the Jack of hearts.

They showed you where the jack was before they throwed, and it surely looked like a picnic, but it wasn't."

"Three card monte," said Newmark.

"How much?" asked Simms.

"About $50," replied the boy.

Orde turned on the disgruntled cook.

"And you and fifty in your turkey camping with this outfit of hard citizens!" he cried. "You ought to lose it."

Johnny Challan was explaining to his companions exactly how the game was played.

At this point Newmark broke into the discussion.

"Have you a pack of cards?" he asked in his dry, incisive manner.

An old deck was produced.

Newmark cleared a cracker box of drying socks and drew it to him.

"Tuese turee are the cards," he said, spreading rapidly. "There is the jack of hearts. I pass my hands—so. Pick the jack, one of you," he challenged. "Any of you," he urged. "Yess, North."

The foreman leaned forward and rather hesitatingly laid a blunt forefinger on one of the cards. It was the ten of spades. "Let me try," interposed Tim Nolan. "I bet I can pick her."

"Oh, yes, you bet!" shrugged Newmark. "And that's where the card sharps get you fellows every time." He deftly flipped the cards.

Nolan, who had watched keenly, indicated one without hesitation. Again it proved to be the ten of spades.

Everybody was ambitious, and the young man, with inexhaustible patience, threw out the cards, the corners of his mouth twitching sardonically at each wrong guess. At length he called a halt. "By this time I'd have had all your money," he pointed out. "Now I'll pick the jack." He made his swift passes and distributed the cards. Then, quite calmly, without disturbing the three on the cracker box, he held up the lack of hearts.

An exclamation broke from the group. Nolan leaned forward and turned over the three on the board. They were the eight of diamonds and two tens of spades.

"That's how the thing is worked," announced Newmark. "Once in awhile you'll run against a straight game, but not often."

"But you showed us the jack every time before you threwed them!" puzzled Johnny Simms.

"Sleight of hand," explained Newmark, "the simplest kind of palming."

"Where'd you get on to doing all that, Newmark?" grumbled North. "You ain't a tin horn yourself?"

Newmark laughed briefly. "Not I," said he. "I learned a lot of those tricks from a traveling magician in college."

Orde had sat well in the background, watching intently all that was going on. After the exclamations following the exposure had subsided, he spoke.

"Boys," said he, "how game are you to get Charlie's money back—and then some?"

"Try us," returned big Tim.

"This game's at McNeill's, and Mc-Neill's is a tough hole," warned Orde. "Maybe everything will go peaceful, and maybe not. And you boys that go with me have got to keep sober. There isn't going to be any row unless I say so, and I'm not hiring my contract to handle a lot of drunken river hogs as well as go against a game."

The thirty men of the rear crew signified their intention to stay by the procession.

"You can't make those sharps disgorge," counseled Newmark. "At the first look of trouble they will fight out. They have it all fixed. Force won't do you much good and may get some of you hurt."

"I'm not going to use force," denied Orde. "I'm just going to play their game. But I bet I can make it go."

Chapter 7

ABOUT a dozen of the crew appeared in the evening to go with Orde. They set out up the long reach of Water street, their steel axiks biting deep into the pitted board walks.

For nearly a mile the street was flanked solely by lumber yards, small mills and factories. Then came a strip of unimproved land, followed immediately by the wooden, ramshackle structures of Hell's Half Mile.

As yet the season was too early for much joy along Hell's Half Mile. Orde's little crew and the forty or fifty men of the drive that had preceded him constituted the rank and file at the moment in town. A little later, when all the drives on the river should be in and those of its tributaries and the men still lingering at the woods camps, at least 500 woods weary men would be turned loose. Then Hell's Half Mile would awaken in earnest from its hibernation. The lights would blaze from day to day. From its open windows would issue the music, the cries of men and women, the shuffle of feet, the noise of fighting, the shrieks of wild laughter, curses deep and frank and unashamed, songs broken and interrupted. Crews of men, arms locked, would surge up and down the narrow sidewalks. Drunken fist fights cocked one side, their heads back, their fearless eyes challenging the devil and all his works—and getting the challenge accepted. Girls would flit across the lit windows like shadows before flames or stand in the doorways hailing the men genially by name.

Tonight, however, the scene was comparatively quiet. The saloons were of modified illumination. The barkeepers were listlessly wiping the bars. The "pretty waiter girls" gossiped with each other and yawned behind their hands.

In the middle of the third block Orde wheeled sharp to the left down a dark and dangerous looking alley. Another turn to the right brought him into a very narrow street where stood a three story wooden structure into which led a high arched entrance. This was McNeill's.

A figure detached itself from the shadow. Orde uttered an exclamation.

"You here, Newmark?" he cried.

"Yes," replied that young man. "I want to see this through."

"With those clothes?" marveled Orde. "It's a wonder some of these thugs haven't beat you up long ago. It's dangerous. You're likely to get slugged."

"I can stand it if you can," returned Newmark.

McNeill's lower story was given over entirely to drinking. The second floor was a theater and the third a dance hall. Beneath the building were still viler depths. From this basement the riverman and the shanty boy generally graduated penniless and perhaps unconscious to the street. Now, your lumberjack did not customarily arrive at this stage without lively doings en route; therefore McNeill's maintained a force of fighters. They were burly, sodden men, but strong in their experience and their discipline. To be sure, they did not get quite as long as their antagonists could, but they always lasted plenty long enough. Sand bags and brass knuckles helped some and team work finished the job.

Orde and his men entered the lower hall as though sauntering in without definite aim. The river boss wandered about with the rest, a wide, good natured smile on his face.

Presently he found himself at the table of the three card monte men. The rest of his party gravitated in his direction.

"Do you think you could pick out the jack when I throw these out like this?" asked the dealer.

"Sure! She's that under."

"Well," exclaimed the gambler, "danged if you didn't! I bet you $5 you can't do it again."

Again Orde was permitted to pick up the jack.

"You've got the best eye that's been in this place since I got here," exclaimed the dealer. "Here, Dennis," said he to his partner, "You try him."

Dennis obligingly shuffled the cards and lost. By this time the men, augmented by the idlers, had drawn close.

Whether it was that the gamblers seized the fact that Orde might be led to plunge or whether they were using him to draw the crowd into their game it would be difficult to say, but twice more they permitted him to win.

Newmark plucked his sleeve.

"You're $20 ahead," he muttered. "Quit it."

"What limit do you put on this game anyway?" asked Orde.

"How much do you want to bet?"

"Would you stand for $500?" asked Orde.

The gambler pretended to deliberate, his cool, shifty eyes running over the group before him. A small door immediately behind him swung slowly ajar an inch or so.

"Got the money?" he asked.

"Have you?" countered Orde.

The man nodded. "I'll go you, bub," said he. "Lay out your money."

Orde counted out nine fifty-dollar bills and five tens.

"All right," said the gambler, taking up the cards.

"Hold on!" cried Orde. "Where's yours?"

"Oh, that's all right," the gambler reassured him. "I'm with the house. McNeill's credit is good."

"I'm putting up my good money, and I expect to see good money put up in return," said Orde.

Finally the gamblers yielded and put up the money.

The audience now consisted of the dozen of Orde's friends, nearly twice as many rivermen, eight hangers-on of the joint, probably fighters and roughnecks? half a dozen professional gamblers and several waiters. The four barkeepers still held their positions. The rivermen were scattered in front of Orde, although Orde's own friends had gathered at his shoulder. The mercenaries and gamblers had divided and flanked the table at either side. Newmark, a growing wonder and disgust creeping into his usually unexpressive face, recognized the strategic advantage of this arrangement. A determined push would separate the rivermen from the gamblers long enough to give the latter to disappear through the small door at the back.

A gasp of anticipation went up as coolly the gambler made his passes. He then placed his great red fist on one of the cards.

"That is the jack?" he cried.

"Is it?" sneered the dealer. "Well, turn it over and let's see."

"No!" roared Orde. "You turn over the other two!"

A hot oath broke from the gambler, and his face contorted in a spasm. For a moment the situation was tense and threatening. The dealer, with a sweeping glance, again searched the faces of those before him. In that moment probably he made up his mind that an open scandal must be avoided. Force and broken bones, even murder, might be all right enough in the course of a fight. If Orde had turned up for a jack the card on which he now held his fist and then had attempted to prove cheating a cry of robbery and a lively fight would have given opportunity for making way with the stakes. But McNeill's could not afford to be shown up before thirty interested rivermen running an open and shut brace game.

"That isn't the way this game is played," said the gambler. "Show up your jack."

"It's the way I play it," replied Orde sternly. "These gentlemen heard the bet. He reached over and deliberately flipped over the other two cards. "You see, neither of these is the jack. Is this mine?"

"You win," assented the gambler after a pause.

Orde, his fist still on the third card, began lowering the stakes with the other hand. The gambler reached across the table.

"Give me the other card," said he.

Orde picked it up, laughing. For a moment he seemed to hesitate, holding the bit of pasteboard tantalizingly between fingers, as though he was going to turn also this one face up. Then quite deliberately he handed the card to the gambler.

"All to-hell-'n'-gone!" yelled Orde.

Orde poured his drink on the floor and took the glass belonging to the man next him.

"Get them to give you another, Tim," said he. "No knockout drops if I can help it."

"Tim," said Orde, low voiced, "get the crowd together and we'll pull out. I've a thousand dollars on me, and they'll nothing for sight if I go alone. And let's get out right off."

(To be continued.)

Irish Wit.

"I never give alms to a stranger," said old Shyster to a poor Irishwoman.

"Shure, then, your honor will never receive an angel," was the reply.—Judge.

Condemned Unheard.

From a notice in a Cornish church: "This preacher for next Sunday will be found hanging in the church porch on Saturday."—London Punch.

THE LONELY ROSEBERY

BRITISH STATESMAN HAS PUBLISHED A NEW BOOK.

His Book on Pitt Brings Brilliant Englishman Back Into the Limelight—Had a Career of Wonderful Promise, but His Breadth of View Interfered with His Personal Success—His Position as a Litterateur.

On all national occasions, as distinct from the mere parochial crisis of party politics, the responsible and literate sections of the British people turn instinctively to Lord Rosebery, whose new book on the great Lord Chatham was published recently, writes Randal Charlton in a London review. He is our unbiased witness; the statesman who speaks only for the State. He stands high above the ordinary clouds of political suspicion, isolated above the needs of expediency or emolument, and with no possible thought to appease the hunger of personal ambition or individuales. He has achieved much, been much, and is in only reasonable to suppose that those vast distortions that spring naturally, even inevitably, from the fervor of youth and the knowledge of capacity have kept etc this been fully satisfied.

Some thirteen years ago he bade farewell to active participation in political strife with a memorable speech delivered in this same hall, since that time he might well have enoyed uninterrupted privacy and quietude, but not that passionate love of country which has from time to time drawn him out into the vortex of controversy and public responsibility.

Lord Rosebery has never yet entered into controversy without leaving some tangible and lasting impression of his individuality upon its final disposition. And on such occasions he has never failed to solidify in some measure the fluid matter of public thought.

No one knows of no life that opened with more brilliant promise than did Lord Rosebery's, or life that expanded so rapidly to a prospect of wide achievement and noble purpose. He made his first speech in the House of Lords at the opening of Parliament in 1871. The occasion was considered important, as the Queen opened Parliament in person. Lord Rosebery seconded the address in a speech that won him many warm applauses. From the very first he was recognized as a young man marked down for unusual distinction. At Oxford, where he was "the wisest boy that ever lived" and at Oxford, where he left so enviable a legacy of admiration and regard, his precocity during his early political years was considered remarkable.

His reputation grew rapidly and solidly. Indeed, as much, perhaps, his work executed outside the immediate sphere of "political activity" as by purely parliamentary deeds. His love for Scotland, her traditions, and liter ature was early apparent, while his interest in the larger problems and questions of foreign policy became gradually made evident. He was a young man of distinguished parts, perhaps of rather dangerously versatility—and the true game of modern state territories, with its shifting fortunes and ever-changing conditions, must have made an irresistible appeal to his intellect and emotions.

He began his Ministerial career very humbly, taking office in Mr. Gladstone's second Administration as Under Secretary for State in the Home Department, but in 1881 he had accepted the Privy Seal, afterwards migrating to the Office of Works. Finally he came to the Foreign Office as appointed harbor as Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

When he returned to the Foreign Office in 1886, at a time when Mr. Gladstone's Ministry was suffering from internal harass and damaging defections consequent upon the Liberal leader's Irish policy, Lord Rosebery's accession was generally received with feelings of satisfaction. He was recognized by all parties as a Minister of strength and resolution, as one who was intellectually capable of forcing the Chancelleries and Ministers of European politics into just and proper perspective. His exceptional practical outlook, enabled him to see it has always done, to understand various and multiform points of view, and to enter into atmospheres and conditions peculiar to this or that locality without losing sight of his own. He had also particularly fitted for the tasks of the Foreign Office, although it may be surmised that such a sympathy and sympathies and so complex a power of observation, seeing all things in every phase and changing with the window, must have retarded rather than assisted his personal advancement to the official position he knew he had that the foreign affairs of the nation were entrusted to a patriot, who could be relied upon to meet any emergency that might arise with a patriotism as fearless as it was intelligent, and as just, tended to promote a feeling of security in the England of 1886. Lord Rosebery's stewardship of his difficult office in after years demonstrated that such a feeling was not misplaced.

He has failed in literature one can say little here. For purity and distinction of style, I do not know where we are to find his superior in modern letters. His studies of "Pitt" and "Napoleon" have already passed into classics. In reading them we are reminded that it takes a great man to appraise a great man generously, to understand him, and so compass a large and simple enthusiasm. His little book on Lord Randolph Churchill" remains one of the most vivid and intimate character sketches in the English language. His "Life of Chatham," of which all we can say at present is that the work is bound to be a classic for generations—if not the event—of the literary year.

Lord Rosebery's administrative labors have been always somewhat overshadowed by his eminence as a public speaker. He is our one great diving orator. In this matter he stands so supremely alone that many of us have grown to think of him only as a maker of wonderful speeches.

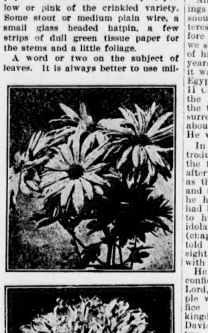
CRAPE PAPER FLOWERS.

The Seasonable Chrysanthemum an Easily Made Blossom.

With taste and care crape paper makes up into all manner of pretty things, from flowers to table centers, and especially for Thanksgiving decorations is this flower desirable.

The materials required for chrysanthemums are a portion of a roll of paper in a delicate shade of pale yellow or pink of the crinkled variety. Some stout or medium plain wire, a small glass headed hatpin, a few strips of dull green tissue paper for the stems and a little foliage.

A word or two on the subject of leaves. It is always better to use mil-



CHRYSANTHEMUMS OF CRAPE PAPER.

linery foliage or leave out foliage altogether.

The crinklet paper must be cut in two strips, one longer and narrower than the other. The smaller strip should measure 12 by 4 inches, and the second and outside strip should by eighteen inches long by seven inches broad. Fold the strips lengthwise and cut down widthwise into narrow strips running the way of the grain. These strips must have their tips slocked, as they are to represent the petals. Next lay the narrow strip on the knee or on a cloth cushion and hold firmly with the left hand. Take the glass headed hatpin in the right hand and, placing the head on the tip of the paper petal, draw the pin head slowly toward the base of the strip. Half the paper is more or less stroked into turning over like the petals of the real flower. The second and wider strip is served in the same way and is then laid on one side. Take up the first piece of paper and wind it tightly round a piece of wire, the tip of which has been bent to form a hook, so that all the petals fall inward over one another. Wire this strip first before adding the other. Treat the second strip of petals in the same way and wire into position, leaving a double piece of the stout wire to form the stem. This is covered by winding a narrow strip of moss green tissue paper down the length and adding a few chrysanthemum leaves down the stem.

Beauty In the Kitchen.

Considering how easy it is to look pretty when engaged in household labors, it is strange that so few women study this subject. A property cut princess apron in a becoming color is not only as pretty a garment as any woman could wish for, but it throws a wonderful halo of domesticity and femininity about her. Yet women will sacrifice its possibilities for the kimono, which, while a pretty little affair in its place, cannot retain any prettiness at all after being worn awhile in the kitchen.

A dusting cap, too, may be a thing of beauty, says the Montreal Herald. Caps that recall Dutch pictures may be bought, and worn with a pretty apron they give a subtle charm to the plainest woman.

The rest of the working costume should consist of a short skirt and shirtwaist. The latter can be low in the neck and short in the sleeves, and worn with a fascinating Dutch collar may be as becoming as any ball gown.

Gift For the Bride.

A dainty gift for a bride is one or a set of handkerchiefs with an edging of crochet. With ordinary spool cotton, No. 60, and a very fine needle, crochet a pattern for a square of a trifle over two inches. Each square must be made separately. Five squares on each side are used for the border. They are joined together with an over and over stitch with a sewing needle. and the squares are then whipped on to the handkerchief about a quarter inch from the edge. Handkerchiefs thus bordered are not only pretty, but durable, and they launder well.

Fancy Straw Baskets.

Fancy straw baskets which so many of us accumulate can be put to a glorious use by filling with fresh fruit and sending it to an invalid or to a friend starting upon a journey. The artistic effect is enhanced by adding some of the foliage.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

LESSON II.—FIRST QUARTER FOR JAN. 8, 1911

Text of the Lesson, I Kings xii, 25, to xiii, 6—Memory Verses, 28-30—Golden Text, Ex. xx, 4—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

All the predictions and foreshadowings of Scripture and their fulfilments should be of the greatest possible interest to every child of God, and before we leave the story of Rehoboam we should notice that in the fifth year of his reign, or just about thirty-four years after the temple was completed, it was plundered by Shishak, king of Egypt. Compare I Kings vi, 38, and II Chron. xii, 2, 9. In John ii, 19-21, the Lord Jesus spoke of Himself as the temple and of His death and resurrection, and He must have been about thirty-four years of age when He was crucified.

In the lesson of today we are introduced to Jeroboam, son of Nebat, the first king of the ten tribes, and afterward spoken of over twenty times as the man who made Israel to sin, and this he did deliberately, although he had been told that the Kingdom had been divided and part of it given to him because of this very sin of idolatry on the part of Solomon (chapter xi, 31-38). He had also been told that if he would do right in the sight of the Lord the Lord would be with him and build him a sure house. He would have known, however, to have no confidence in the assurance of the Lord, but was afraid that if the people went to Jerusalem to offer sacrifice in the house of the Lord the kingdom would return to the house of David. So he took counsel and made two calves of gold, placing one in Bethel and one in Dan, for the people to worship and said, "Behold thy gods, O Israel, which brought thee up out of the land of Egypt" (verse 28). There is an evil one, the devil, who hates the living and true God and His word and His people and ever seeks to have people worship him instead of God. Whatever is not of the worship of God is the worship of the devil and of demons, and all idolatry is of this devil (Deut. xxxii, 16, 17; I Cor. x, 20; Ps. cvi, 35-37). The great deceiver and enemy of God and man ought to have even the Son of God worship him and, to that end offered Him all the kingdoms of the world and the glory of them (Matt. iv, 8-10). He will ere this age closes, but after the church has been caught up to meet the Lord in the air and the world will worship except those whose names are in the book of life (Rev. xiii, 8). But he deceives not all others from Cain onward to the antichrist of the last days, who will not believe God and therefore do believe the devil, are all one family and on their way to the lake of fire prepared for the devil and his angels (Matt. xxv, 41).

In verse 28 we read that the king took counsel, but it was certainly not of God, reminding us of Isa. xxx. 1, 2; viii, 9, 10, for it is only the counsel of the Lord that stands (Ps. xxxiii, 10, 11). The whole thing was a device of his own heart, like the false prophets of Jer. xiv, 14, 26, whom the Lord did not send, and therefore the end of Jeroboam and the places mentioned in our lesson were places of the greatest possible interest to the Lord. The end of Jeroboam had been such he could not but have profited greatly by the recollection of the fate of Ephraim's sacred calf of them, Shechem and Bethel, would have reminded him of an altar unto the Lord (Gen. xii, 6) and the Lord's dealing to Abraham and to Jacob (Gen. xii 8; xxxv, 1-7). At Penuel (Gen. xxxii) Lord wrestled with Jacob, humbled him and gave him his new name of Israel, and Jacob said, "I have seen God face to face" (Gen. xxxii). At Shechem Joshua delivered his farewell address to Israel (Josh. xxiv) and there the Lord Jesus sat on Jacob's well in the midst of Samaria (John iv) and afterward many others. Dan was the northern boundary of the land, and Bethel was in the south of the ten tribes, so that Jeroboam might be said to have filled the land from the Lord's land north to south. How fearful and horrible! (Jer. v, 30, 31). The altar which was commissioned to tell Jeroboam by the mouth of his wife that because of his sin the Lord would root up Israel out of the land and scatter them beyond the river (chapter xiv, 15).

If an expression can be a key to a chapter, then chapter xiii is the greatest—"unto the word of the Lord." the Bible, for the title is found there fifteen times, though the name of the man of God is not given.

It is a marvellous record and a most solemn warning not to believe even an angel if he preach another, however venerable, if his testimony is contrary to the word of God. It may be that the Apostle Paul had in his mind when he, by the Spirit, wrote Gal. i, 8, in which case, as we have Joseph the king, mentioned by name, 300 years before he was born, and the fulfillment of this prediction concerning him is recorded in II Kings xxiii, 15-17. May this prediction and fulfillment strengthen us in the assurance that every prediction in Scripture shall be as literally fulfilled. Read carefully this wonderful record.

Cafe Employee Attempts Suicide

Calgary, Alta.—Harry Steele, a well known resident, shot himself in the stomach a few days ago, and is not expected to recover. He expressed regret that he was unsuccessful in taking his life. He came here about 20 and he came here from the Crow's Nest district where he was known as "Billy, the bandit." His former home is in Montreal. He had been working here in a cafe.

Local Optionists Active in B. C.

Vancouver, B. C.—Though defeated recently in Prince Rupert and Chilliwack, the local option enthusiasts are planning to take votes in the New Westminster and Slocan district.

AFTER DOCTOR'S FAILED

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cured Her.

Toronto, Canada.—"I shall endeavor to describe to you how I felt before I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I scarcely knew what it was to be well. I had awful bearing-down pains and usually before my monthly periods I suffered terribly and had to go to bed. I was not able to walk across the floor the pain was so bad. I doctored for a long time, but the doctor's treatment did not do me any good. I gave up all hopes of ever being well again until one day my husband saw the Compound advertised in the paper. He decided to get me a bottle, and I am thankful he did. I had not taken one bottle before I began to feel better, and I kept on taking it until now I am a different woman. It also helped me during maternity and childbirth. I can thoroughly recommend your Vegetable Compound to any woman who is afflicted with female troubles."—Mrs. J. M. TWEEDALE, 138 Nassau St., Toronto, Canada.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, is unparalleled. It may be used with perfect confidence by women who suffer from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration.

The Good Old Days

We are not nearly so easily amused now as we were once.—Mr. Herbert Farmer.

How vainly we deplore
The days that are no more;
To us, alas, a moody show
Becomes the Punch and Judy show,
The lady stout
And gimlet-eyed
Has each become a bore.

No laughing public mocks
The debtor in the stocks
The gibbet on the hill, or he
Who stands within the pillory
Might hardly guile
A passing smile;
Or e'en the baited ox.

The babes our knees who climb
Endure the pantomime,
And smile a trifle bitterly
At organists from Italy;
Their elders used
To be amused
With this most doubtful rhyme.
—London Chronicle.

Imperial Mother

Imperial Mother, from whose breast
We drank as babes the pride where-by
We question ev'n thine own behest,
And judge thee with no unflinching eye—

Oft slow to hear when thou dost call,
Oft vext with a divided will,
When once a rival seeks thy fall,
We are thy sons and daughters still.

The love that halts, the faith that veers,
Are then deep sunk as in the Sea;
The Sea where thou must brook no peers,
And halve with none thy sovereignty.
—William Watson in London Times.

Patience

The weather prophet is a man
Who moves us oft to chide
And yet he does the best he can
The future to decide.
Apart from all the world he dwells
His studies to pursue,
And he it known, what'er he tells
Will ultimately come true.

When he says "fair" it may be found,
That skies are clouded eyen;
If he says "snow" the world around
With sunshine may be bright.
But whatsoever he the case
That makes us gay or glum,
Though it be not this week or next,
That weather's bound to come.
—Washington Star.

The rice production of Japan exceeds in quantity 260,000,000 bushels a year; tea nearly 60,000,000 a year, and silk more than 25,000,000 pounds a year.

"It Wears"

These two words express the reason why so many people prefer the "1847 ROGERS BROS." *brand of silver plate. This trade mark is a positive assurance of the heaviest grade of plate.*

Best tea sets, dishes, waiters, etc., are stamped MERIDEN BRITA CO. SOLD BY LEADING DEALERS *"Silver Plate that Wears"*

HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last fifteen years and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for Constipation.

Important News
FUR DEALERS and TRAPPERS

SEND FURS and SKINS direct to US MEN who KNOW their value. We save you money, because we KNOW the Fur Market, and pay highest prices on liberal assortments. Price list especially arranged for your territory. It is YOURS for the asking. Convince YOURSELF by making us a trial shipment.

We pay all expressage, make no commissions, and remit promptly

LEOPOLD GASSNER FUR CO.
34 East 12th St., New York City
Capitalized at $250,000.00

The Idea

Applicant for situation—"I've come about that job wot was advertised."

Employer—"Well, can you do the work?"

Applicant (in great alarm)—Work! I thought it was a foreman you wanted."

As a vermifuge there is no preparation that equals Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It has saved the lives of countless children.

Fun takes money to get and medicine to get over.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

Excuses can't be convincing unless they are your own.

THE Famous Rayo Lamp

The Rayo Lamp is a high grade lamp, sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more, but there is no better lamp made at any price. Constructed of solid brass; nickel plated—easily kept clean; an ornament to any room in any house. There is nothing better to the gift of lamp-making that can add to the value of the RAYO lamp as a holiday gift. Strong dealer agencies. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of

THE STEADY WHITE LIGHT

The Imperial Oil Company, Limited.

WHEN IT COMES TO PAPER BAGS and MATCHES

We are everywhere with the standard goods. Paper and Matches are our specialties. Let us know your wants—we'll do the rest.

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HULL, CANADA

TEES & PERSSE, LIMITED, Agents, Winnipeg, Calgary, Edmonton, Regina, Fort William & Port Arthur.

QUACKS ON INCREASE.

Herbalists and Bonesetters Are Overrunning British Isles.

Astonishing statements concerning the multitude of unqualified medical practitioners in Britain and their treatment of patients are contained in a blue-book issued recently embodying the result of enquiries made by the Local Government Board at the request of the Lord President of the Council. Information has been obtained from 1,600 medical officers of health in various parts of the United Kingdom.

Of the towns reported on, unqualified practice is increasing in twenty-two, in seventy-five it exists to some extent, in fifty-seven there is little, while in only thirty towns is it stated that unqualified practice does not exist. Smallpox treated as a simple skin disease by a herbalist, diphtheria diagnosed as mumps and patients not isolated, scarlet fever spread through being diagnosed as "rose rash," and measles treated as consumption are some of the cases described in the report.

Prescribing by chemists is stated to be so common as to be practically universal throughout the country. While in the main they confine their attention to the so-called minor ailments, and advise patients to consult a doctor in the more difficult cases, the evidence shows that a large amount of prescribing in what eventually proves to be disease of a graver character also takes place. The treatment of infants' diseases by chemists is regarded as having some bearing on infant mortality.

Herbalists are severely criticized. "Herbalists may be concerned in the spread of epidemics of infectious diseases. During a smallpox epidemic an ointment was extensively sold which, it was asserted, would cure smallpox. The vendor was prosecuted for spreading the disease by this means. In another instance chickenpox was spread through treatment as chickenpox.

"Cough mixtures are prescribed by herbalists indiscriminately for respiratory diseases, which may really be tuberculosis, or chronic phthisis, and the delay entailed by such treatment seriously diminishes the chances of cure."

Attention is called to the "irretrievable harm" done by bonesetters. "Persons who act as bonesetters are often largely from the working-class population, such as carriers, railway porters and the like, and in many cases they are illiterate and uneducated. Some have learned what knowledge they possess from ambulance associations. Those bonesetters who undertake minor surgical cases only do relatively small amount of harm, though instances of disastrous results are reported. But the greater proportion of bonesetters undertake more complicated cases. Dislocations are treated without being reduced, and permanent disablement sometimes results."

Several instances of actual harm caused by taking patent medicines are mentioned. One medical officer reports that on three separate occasions during the last year he has treated cases of supposed scarlet fever in which the rash and symptoms were found to be due to the action of certain kidney pills.

"Father of the House of Lords."

A unique record is held by Earl Nelson, who was eighty-eight recently. He is not only the "Father of the House of Lords," but he also enjoys the unique distinction of being the only living peer who was a member of that assembly throughout the whole of the Victorian era. He was born in the reign of the third George, so that he has lived under six sovereigns and for upwards of seventy years he has drawn a pension at the rate of $500 per week, granted by the state in perpetuity to the descendants of the victor of Trafalgar.

Lord Nelson, indeed, came into the earldom so long ago that he has been sometimes confused with the hero of Trafalgar. A poor old woman was once taken before a justice for having sent Lord Nelson, and the friend who was with her was about to describe his lordship's appearance beforehand, when the old lady exclaimed, "Oh, you needn't tell me what he is like. I shall know him directly I set eyes on him." When asked how she could recognize the earl, the dame responded, "Why, by his one eye and one arm, of course."

Head of the Clan Fraser.

A keen sportsman and soldier, Lord Lovat, head of the Clan Fraser—whose engagement to the Hon. Laura Lister, the second daughter of Lord Ribblesdale, has aroused so much interest—will go down in history as the commander of Lovat's Scouts, who did such excellent work during the South African campaign. A story goes that his lordship once received this telegram from a subordinate, who was injured in a railway accident and was on furlough: "Will not report to-day, as expected, on account of unavoidable circumstances." The tone of the message was not satisfactory to the officer, and he wired at once in reply, "Report at once, dead or give reason." Within an hour the following message came back over the wires from a hospital: "Train off—can't ride; leg off—can't walk. Will not report unless you insist." Lord Lovat is credited with making the shortest speech on record in the House of Lords. It consisted of exactly sixteen words.

A Sympathetic Burglar.

A thoughtful burglar who broke into the house of Joseph Brown, Streatham Highroad, recently, has earned the gratitude of Mr. and Mrs. Brown by returning through the post two highly prized miniatures, whose intrinsic value to the thief was inconsiderable.

The thief took $60 or $70 worth of portable valuables, including a gold miniature locket containing the portraits of Mr. Brown's two little boys. The parents were particularly sorry to lose the locket because the elder of the boys died a short time ago and the miniature could not be replaced.—London Daily Mail.

PISO'S
IS THE FAME OF THE BEST MEDICINE for COUGHS & COLDS

A Candid Critic

Miss Gushwell—I like the grand opera in Italian so much better than in English! Don't you?

Musical Critic—Oh, yes, unless you understand Italian or follow the translation in the libretto closely, you don't seem to find out what awful rot it is.—Chicago Tribune.

THE POSTMASTER JOINS THE ARMY

WHO ARE SHOUTING PRAISES OF DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS IN THE WEST.

A Neighbor Advised him to Take Them for his Rheumatism and Gravel. They Cured Him.

West Gravelburg, Sask., (Special). Alexander McCarter, the postmaster here, has joined the great western army that has for its watchword, "When ailing use Dodd's Kidney Pills." And like all others he has good and sufficient reasons.

"I was fed up with Rheumatism and Gravel," Mr. McCarter states, "and was also troubled with my bladder. I was so bad I could not do much work. A neighbor came along who had been troubled the same way, and advised me to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. I did it. I bought two boxes, and, using them according to directions, was soon able to go to work."

Notice one thing: It was a neighbor who had been cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills who advised the postmaster to use Dodd's Kidney Pills. He also had been cured by them. That's why he recommended them.

If you're troubled with Kidney Disease in any form—Backache, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Gravel, Dropsy, Diabetes or Bright's Disease—ask your neighbors. You'll soon fine one who has been cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

A ruffled temper doesn't improve a plain woman's looks.

Giant Birds Now Extinct.

In the British Museum, and in several continental institutions for the advancement of science, there may be seen specimens of birds' eggs which are almost as large as a two-gallon jar. These eggs were laid by the epiornis, an extinct and gigantic bird of Madagascar. The cubic bulk of an epiornis egg is eight times that of the egg of the ostrich, which means that one epiornis egg is equal in point of capacity to 150 hens' eggs.

The first discovery of these interesting relics of past times was made by the captain of a merchant vessel which had stopped at a port on the northeastern coast of Madagascar to trade with the natives. During the stay at this point the curious vessels used as drinking cups for water always attracted the attention of the captain. Upon investigation it was found that the so-called ostrich were in reality gigantic egg shells cut in halves.

Upon questioning the native carriers in regard to the bird that laid the eggs, and the place where they were procured, the captain was unable to understand that the bird itself was unknown, but that the eggs were discovered in the sandy banks some distance away in the up-country, and could not be found elsewhere, to the knowledge of the natives. An offer to purchase all that could be procured soon resulted in the discovery of several more eggs, of which all fell into the hands of Isadore G. St. Hilaire, the French naturalist. These eggs were afterward distributed among the largest museums.

TAKE NOTICE.

We publish simple, straight testimonials, not press agents' interviews, from well known people.

Every one in America they testify to the merits of MINARD'S LINIMENT, the best of Household Medicines.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CO., LTD.

About 175,000 persons are employed in the postal service of the United Kingdom.

The Pill that Leads Them All—Pills are the most portable and compact of all medicines, and when easy to take are the most acceptable of preparations. But they must attest their power to be popular. As Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are the most popular of all pills they must fully meet all requirements. Accurately compounded and composed of ingredients proven to be effective in correcting all digestive organs, there is no surer medicine to be had everywhere.

"I suppose the father gave the bride away?"

"Not exactly. He gave a million away and threw her in."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

"Well, who do you think you are?" asked David, unafraid.

"I am the man higher up," gruffly answered Goliath, looking contemptuously down upon him.

But David got him.—Chicago Tribune.

Diseases of the Skin

Often appear with sudden changes of temperature. Eczema and Salt Rheum are cured by

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT

Cold, damp weather brings out eczema and salt rheum. Many who are subject to these ailments do not suffer except during the changeable weather of fall and spring.

The annoying itching and the disfiguring blotches on the skin make this trouble almost unbearable to those who are not familiar with the soothing, healing influence of Dr. Chase's Ointment.

Relief comes almost as soon as this ointment is applied. Gradually the irritation disappears, the sores are healed up and the skin is left soft, smooth and natural.

There is always danger of eczema spreading and becoming chronic. For this reason the use of the ointment should be regular and persistent until the cure is thorough and complete.

Mrs. John J. Delory, Eastwood, Antigonish county, N. S., writes:—"I want to say that Dr. Chase's Ointment has been a great blessing to me. I had salt rheum on one hand, and could not get it healed up. The itching was most distressing at times. Two boxes of Dr. Chase's Ointment effected the complete cure, and I gladly recommend it to every sufferer."

In every home there is a demand for Dr. Chase's Ointment. It is particularly useful where there are children. Chafing and skin irritation are relieved at once. Obstinate wounds are readily healed. Baby eczema and all forms of poisoned or irritated skin are soon cured by this soothing, healing ointment. 60 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates and Co., Toronto.

BANK OF ENGLAND NOTES.

Qualities Which Prevent Their Being Counterfeited Successfully.

About the year 1819 a great outcry was raised against the Bank of England for not adopting a style of note that could not be imitated and at the same time preventing the sacrifice of life which at that period was common, the punishment for forgery being death. The subject at last became so pressing that the Government appointed commissioners to investigate the cause of the numerous forgeries and whether a mode could be devised whereby the forging of bank notes might be prevented.

Previous to this investigation the directors of the bank had been endeavoring to remedy the evil, many plans having been submitted to them, all of which they were obliged to reject.

The bank placed before the commissioners six different projects that had been recommended for adoption and 70 varieties of paper made by way of experiment. The result of all this labor was the bank note of today.

The color of the paper is peculiar, and cannot be imitated exactly by counterfeiters except at great expense. The combined tensile and tearing strength of the paper are also unique. It is made in sheets large enough for two notes, before being cut. It is of good weight about its grains and then if doubled it is strong enough to suspend a weight of 56 pounds.

The texture of the paper is also peculiar. It has a crisp feel invariably the same and such that bank clerks of experience can readily detect forgeries by this test alone. Then the fibre is impressed in the making by a frame, costly to make and difficult to use, is practically inimitable, consisting of thin rough edges uncut not to be produced by any note of cutting paper that is not devised expressly for the purpose. The paper for printing is damped with water in the exhausted receiver of an air pump. The ink used in the plate printing is made of Frankfort black, which is composed of the charcoals of the tendrils and husks of the German grape ground with linseed oil. This ink has a peculiar and very deep shade of black, common black inks being tinted either with blue or brown.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

From Butcher's Counter to Pulpit.

For thirty-eight years the Rev. W. Cuff, the famous pastor of the Shoreditch Tabernacle, has worked among the poor of the east end of London. He began life as a butcher, but, to quote his own words, "Trade in my career I abandoned the carving of carcasses for the curing of souls." And few men have done more to alleviate the distress and bring sunshine into the lives of the masses in the east end. His work has been full of interesting and amusing experiences. Some said it was impossible, but one boy wrote:

Two men wrote a Lexicon,
Liddell and Scott;
One-half was clever,
And one-half was not.
Give me the answer, boys,
Quick to this riddle,
Which was by Scott,
And which was by Liddell?

Dr. Liddell, when the epigram was submitted, remarked: "I think you are rather severe."

Gone Before.

"When antiseptic surgery first came in," said a medical writer, "the doctors operated right and left. The widow of one poor chap put on his tombstone:

"'In memory of my dear husband. Gone to join his sciatic nerve, his large intestine, his eardrum, his liver, his left scapula and a leg inadvertently removed by a surgeon who was given to fits of absentmindedness.'"

Nature makes the cures after all.

Now and then she gets into a tight place and needs helping out.

Things get started in the wrong direction.

Something is needed to check disease and start the system in the right direction toward health.

Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with hypophosphites can do just this.

It strengthens the nerves, feeds famished tissues, and makes rich blood.

FOR ALL BY DRUGGISTS

Send 10c. name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny.

SCOTT & BOWNE
136 Wellington Street, West Toronto, Ont.

Fashionable

"Our choir is fashionable in music."

"So? Any changes in styles?"

"Oh, yes. The recessional is going out now, and the processional is coming in."—Cleveland Leader.

Bagely—All of Mrs. Howe's children call her the "mater." Isn't it nice to see such affection?

Bailey—That isn't affection. She succeeded in marrying off six daughters in six years, and they call her "the mater" because they think she has fairly earned the title.

DR. WINTERS

Cures all chronic diseases. Write him. His valuable advice will cost you nothing.

BOX 215. NEW YORK CITY.

WINNIPEG Business College

Awarded First Prize at World's Exposition on its Work and Methods—Catalogue Free. Address
WINNIPEG BUSINESS COLLEGE,
Cor. Portage Ave. & Fort St. Winnipeg

FEET AND HEALTH TO MOTHER AND CHILD.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS FOR THEIR CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, WITH PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. It is absolutely harmless. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle

Canadian Pacific WESTERN EXCURSIONS

SINGLE FARE
Plus $2.00 for the Round Trip

From all stations in Ontario, Port Arthur and West, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta to

VANCOUVER VICTORIA AND WESTMINSTER

Tickets on sale December 15, 16 and 17, 1910; January 20, 21, 22 and 23, and February 14, 15 and 16, 1911; good to return within three months from date of issue.

Apply to nearest C. P. Ry. agent for full information.

EXCURSIONS to EASTERN CANADA

Daily during December. 3 months limit. Stop over privileges.

ST. PAUL OR DULUTH, CHICAGO and

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

The Double Track Route

Reduced Fares for

Steamship Passengers.

November 11th to December 31st. Five months limit. Write for full particulars and descriptive pamphlet.

A. E. DUFF,
General Agent, Passenger Dept.
Representative for all Steamship Lines and Cook's Tours.
260 Portage Ave. Winnipeg.

Fashionable

"Our choir is fashionable in music."

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W. N. U., No. 827.

FOR SALE.—Pure Breed Toulouse Ganders. Bill Innis.—Barred—pure bred White Cingalese Cock Bird. Box 85, Strathmore. 7-tf

FOR SALE, Improved Liguwa Seed Oats, tested separately 119.9 propi. 60 cents per bushel. Also Seed Wheat. Sample seen by arrangement. Donne & Salmon's, Strathmore. Apply Sanders' Bros., Box 145, Strathmore. 38 1-p

STRATHMORE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The REGULAR ANNUAL MEETING of the ratepayers of Strathmore School District will be held in the Fire Hall on Friday, 13th January, at 10 a.m. Important matters will be brought forward, and a large attendance is requested

W. S. BUSH,
Secy.-Treasurer

WANTED.—Sewing by the day.—Mrs Ethel Crowell, Duff Block 7-1-otf

FOR SALE or RENT, the South-east Quarter of Section 28, township 25, range 24, West of the 4th, 100 Acres of new breaking this will be sold on easy terms or rented for the season of 1911. Write Gale Mills, Logan, Iowa, U.S.A. 7-1-u

FOR SALE, Barred Plymouth Rock Cockerels; good laying strain; price $1. Apply W. G. Way, Box 106, Strathmore. tf

FOR SALE, Cottage and Lot; good location and reasonable terms. Apply Union Bank, Strathmore. 21-tf

STRAYED, from English Colony, 3 head horses: 1 Buckskin, branded (crowfoot) on left hip; 1 Brown Gelding branded TF on left hip (both had halters on); 1 Bay, branded TF on left shoulder. $8. a head Reward for information leading to their recovery. Lost seen north of Strathmore about middle of October.—G. A. Wallace, Strathmore.

TO RENT, 3½ miles north of Strathmore, House of two rooms, one large room and one sleeping room; also stable for one horse; very cheap Apply A. Treutzsch, Box 109, Strathmore.

LOST, on Thursday, 13, from English County, 3 steers 1 full black, 1 full chestnut (with halters on) and 1 boy, marked ⋈ on left hip. Reward $15 for information leading to their return to R. W. Pennent, English Colony, Strathmore. tf

Pioneer Meat Market

STRATHMORE.

General Butcher.

FRESH AND CURED MEATS OF ALL KINDS.
FISH AND GAME IN SEASON.
HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR HIDES,
BUTTER AND EGGS BOUGHT AND SOLD.

ALL GOODS Sold at the PIONEER MARKET are of the Finest Quality and Guaranteed Fresh.
GIVE US A TRIAL. Come Once and You will come Always.

R. McCANN & SON
Proprietors.

BOOTS & SHOES

DO you want your BOOTS and SHOES Repaired. If so, bring them to

J. W. JOHNSON

next to the Frost & Wood and Cockshutt Implement Warehouse, where you can have them made

AS GOOD AS NEW

SKATES SHARPENED

LEGAL.

M. BENNETT PEACOCK, L.L.M.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY, ETC.
Offices: Thompson's Block, Calgary. Branch office, Strathmore.
Strathmore Office Open Friday Evenings and Saturdays.
Money to loan. Telephone 2255.

The Farmers' Visit to Ottawa

STRATHMORE DELEGATE'S IMPRESSIONS

Mr M. Eugene Sly takes advantage of our columns to make a brief report of the visit which was made to Ottawa as a delegate from the local Farmers Union.

TO THE UNITED FARMERS, STRATHMORE.

Gentlemen: As the next meeting of the Local Union is distant one week I take this opportunity to report to you. It will not be possible in the space at my command to give you in detail the proceedings at Ottawa or in Winnipeg or on the special train as it sped along the barren wastes of Western Ontario. But you will find extensive reports in your Grain Grower's Guide and it is the intention of the Government to print 25,000 copies of the proceedings, which you can have on application. The House of Commons has had many stirring scenes in its day, but no more historic spectacle than when nearly a thousand sons of the soil thronged the floor of the House, overflowed into the gallery, taxed it to its capacity, and through the voice of its elected officers asked of the Government plainly and emphatically for some very clearly defined changes in administrative acts.

Sir Wilfred Laurier has heard partizan desk-pounding in Parliament both in praise and derision for many years, but when he entered the House and elbowed his way to a chair, he was greeted with a cheer that made him look in amazement. It had a different ring and bespoke the energy and purpose that had brought the delegates there.

Papers had been carefully prepared by the leaders of the movement and submitted for approval the day before at a monster gathering. And this meeting was important. It was the union of the delegates from east and west. The Western men feared those from the east belt would be hesitating in their demands, or colored by political prejudice. Arriving at different times and taking their seats as they came, the delegates were not seated by province.

An Eskimo sat beside a Bluenose. A bushel of wheat mixed with a can of milk, a barrel of apples with a keg of herrings. At first there was restraint, but soon it wore off, and friendly relations were established, and all were unanimous. Nothing was too good for the West. Cheers were given for every province. And when the question of the tariff came along, enthusiasm went the limit. Calls were made for John Evans to tell his "Bear Story," and he was compelled to do so. It seems that when Sir Wilfrid was West last summer reference was made to his statement years ago that he would skin the Tory bear of protection, and Evans had asked him what he had done with the hide. And this was an indication of the papers read

[The remainder of this article is unavoidably held over owing to pressure on space, and will appear in next issue]

Hockey

New Year's holiday, Monday, January 2, saw the first hockey game of the season played in Strathmore between Gleichen and Strathmore. The weather was ideal and there was a large attendance of spectators. The game throughout was a fast one and very evenly contested, as was shown by the score, which stood 1-1 at the close of the match. The Strathmore team was composed as follows:

Crook, goal; H. Wright, cover point; Bowman, rover; Stirrat, point; Frost, centre; F. Wright, left wing; C. Lloyd, right wing.

The Gleichen team was: Burke, goal; Davies, point; Gammon, cover point; Turnbull, rover; Newton, right wing; McKibbon, centre; Dawson, left wing.

Mr Strickland, Calgary, refereed. The goal scorers were—Strathmore, T. Wright; Gleichen, Newton.

On the evening of the same day a successful dance was held in the new Opera House, there being about 60 couples present, including a good number from outside points. Music was supplied by a Calgary Orchestra, while the purveying was done by Messrs Martin & Evans. The dance was continued with much enjoyment till an early hour in the morning.

Langdon has dropped out of the Bow Valley Hockey League, and there will therefore have to be some new arrangement of the schedule published in our columns last week.

Charles Fisher was sentenced to a month's imprisonment before Justice Lambert yesterday on a charge of vagrancy. Charles seemed quite pleased with his fate, and suggested that the sentence be increased to two months, as he couldn't get much to do during the winter anyway

LANGDON NOTES

A public meeting was held in Barratt's Hall on Tuesday night, the 3rd inst., for the purpose of nominating Councillors. There was a large attendance. Quite a few were nominated, and four gentlemen are going to the poll. These are Messrs Roy Cowen, S. W. Wilson, O. Botsford, jun., and J. McLeod.

There were the usual discussions which are prominent at these meetings. S. Lloyd and Roy Cowen engaged in a duel of words, which, it is expected, will result in S. Lloyd challenging Roy to win best two out of three games at lawn tennis; stakes, $500.00 or two drinks aside.

The new skating rink was opened during the holidays, and is being well patroni-ed.

A new auction ring is being opened on the north side of the town, which we hope will be a good drawing card and where farmers can sell off their surplus stock and other effects. We wish the promoters every success.

The marriage took place last week of two young residents of Strathmore, Mr E. A. Shilson, of the implement firm of Messrs Shilson & Goffrier, and Miss Ella Goffrier, daughter of Mr Wm Goffrier. The wedding ceremony was performed in the Central Methodist Church, Calgary, by Rev. Mr Martin. In the evening a wedding supper was held at the home of the bridegroom's parents, 19th Ave. and 9th St. E., Calgary. The best wishes of all in Strathmore will follow Mr and Mrs Shilson

The first meeting of Strathmore Council for 1911 will be held on Monday

An Up-to-date Cafe

The Grosvenor Cafe, opposite the Empire Theatre, in 8th Avenue, Calgary, is an instance of the rapidity with which Calgary is assuming a metropolitan status. It is a concern that would do credit to many a larger city. The dining room is over 100 feet long, and exquisitely decorated and lighted, while downstairs there is a large smoke and coffee room, barber shop, etc. In the basement there is also a well-equipped bakery and kitchen, and all the pastry, etc., supplied is baked on the premises. The managing directors of the Grosvenor are Messrs W. Stewart and A. Robertson. Strathmore people would be well advised to pay the Grosvenor a visit when next in Calgary.

BEFORE YOU ORDER
LOOSE-LEAF LEDGERS
OR
STATIONERY
Call and See Us.

We supply everything in that line, and we save you traveller's commission.

ALL KINDS OF
JOB PRINTING
DONE
STANDARD Printing Office

THE CHURCHES.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
STRATHMORE.

Services morning and evening alternately in Brown's Hall pending erection of new church

Sunday School meets every Sunday at 10 a.m. Supt., Professor Elliott.

Rev. J. RANNIE, Pastor

THE POPULAR HOUSE

Note prices of GROCERIES:

Smith's Jams, three flavors, 65c pail
Red Salmon, No. 1 stock, 3 tins for 40c
Tapioca, 10 pounds for 50c
Flour, quality guaranteed, $1.50 a Half Sack
8 pounds of Rolled Oats for 30c

Note the following List of Goods we are anxious to clear out:

A few FUR and SASKATCHEWAN ROBES

4 Men's Fur Coats
4 Men's Fur-lined Coats

Odds and Ends of

Mackinaw Coats, Trousers
Flannel Shirts, Winter Caps, etc.
Above will be sold cheap

Apples, Oranges, Dates, Figs, Confectionery
Raisins, Currants, Peels, Extracts
Get some Photos of Strathmore and send to your friends. We sell them
TERMS, OF COURSE, WILL BE CASH

Wishing All the Compliments of the Season

N. HOLMES

THE STRATHMORE STANDARD
and The High-Class National Magazine,
CANADA WEST MONTHLY
FOR $2.00
Our offer cuts down the cost of your reading

	Cost Singly
Canada-West Monthly for One Year,	$1.50
Strathmore Standard ,,	$1.00

Xmas Suggestions

Both publications can be sent to your own address at each to separate addresses. What could be more appropriate for an acceptable Xmas gift than a year's subscription to a truly illustrated, up-to-date magazine ?

Canada-West Monthly is a national magazine. You cannot afford to miss a single one of the next twelve numbers without one. They will be the twelve best numbers ever issued in the Dominion. We are not arguing with you, we are telling you. Prove it ! Listen. The writers whose stuff has red blood in it, who make you laugh till you are out of breath, who make you sit up and think. They are here with Canada-West Monthly. The best of Canadian writers, the best of American writers, the best illustrations and most striking covers and finest, truest Canadian atmosphere is what Canada-West Monthly has for you in 1911. You do not have to go to the United States magazines to get the best. Why ? Because we are giving it to you every month. Look at just a few of our contributors

Canada Monthly

Covers in two colors

Ralph Connor, though still reported to be a contributor, His latest story, "The Aldwyck Bride," will appear in an early issue. His romance just can't help flirting, and how her kisses cures her will make you laugh from the first line to the last.

You remember the Canada Fakers ? Arthur E. McFarlane has written something just as vital, but as dispatable as the Canada Faker articles on a subject that is as old as the Garden of Eden and new as baby's first tooth. It will be "Island Households." It will make folks argue, take sides, get excited and have the time of their lives. What is it ? You will know soon enough when you see it in Canada-West Monthly.

A man's size story in the Firebrand, the best piece of prose Arthur Stringer ever wrote. Anarchy, Red Terrorism with a boldly abroad in it—the spirit that moves it is the spirit of the man who has seen the echo bomb at Riga. The Firebrand will run through the next four numbers of Canada-West Monthly.

Did you ever hear of the man-wolf hidden away in the gloomy pine-woods north of Lake Superior ? This story is a thriller. It will grip you with both hands and refuse to let you go. E. B. Waterworth is the author, and he will keep you guessing from month to month until you can hardly wait for the next number of the magazine.

Ellis Parker Butler does not need any introduction except the remark that he wrote "Pigs is Pigs." His tales of the queer inhabitants of Butlerville will appear in Canada-West Monthly throughout the year, and are funnier than ever.

Every woman in Canada will welcome the news that Mrs. Kathleen Blake Colman, the beloved "Kit" of the Toronto Mail and Empire, is to conduct a Woman's Department in Canada-West Monthly. What she has to say will interest every mother's daughter in the Dominion.

LET US HAVE YOUR ORDER NOW

METHODIST CHURCH.
STRATHMORE UNION.

Services held in Fire Hall pending erection of new Church.

Services 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. each Sunday.

Sunday School at 12 noon.

Wednesday, 7.30 p.m., Prayer Meeting.

Choir practice after prayer meeting.

ORANGE VALLEY.

At 3 p.m. each Sunday.

McLEAN'S.

At 3 p.m. every other Sunday.

T. A. Wilson, Ph.D., Pastor.

CATHOLIC CHURCH.
STRATHMORE DISTRICT.

HOLY MASS will be celebrated on Sundays at 10.30 a.m. in the following places:

FIRST SUNDAY of the month—
At Shepherd, Mr Mooney's residence.

SECOND SUNDAY—
At Langdon, Mr Jos. Beese's farm, south of C.P.R. Depot.

THIRD SUNDAY—
At Cheadle, in the School House.

[illegible] SUNDAYS—
[illegible]

A spacious church building having been erected at Strathmore at the west end of Third Street, Father Van Tighem has his rooms there, behind the sanctuary, where he says Mass daily at 7 in the morning, when not absent to the above-named missions.

FATHER L. VAN TIGHEM, O.M.I.

ST. MICHAEL AND ALL ANGELS
CHURCH OF ENGLAND OR EPISCOPAL
STRATHMORE.

Services morning and evening alternately every Sunday in St. Michael's Church, First Street, at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m.

REV. S. MITTEN.